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South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

Compiled February 17, 1982

Report for January 1982

RAPID CITY STATISTICS DISCONTINUED

Due to severe budget cuts, current labor statistics for the Rapid City Area (which is no longer classified as a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area) will not be computed as of January 1982. Labor force estimates will continue to be made on a current basis for Pennington and Meade Counties individually, and nonagricultural wage and salary employment estimates will be made on a lagged basis as resources permit. Estimates of earnings and hours worked for manufacturing workers will not be computed.

LABOR FORCE

The unemployment rate in South Dakota rose to 6.1% in January from 5.3% in December as an estimated 19,000 South Dakotans were out of jobs and looking for work. The rate, however, was below a year ago when it was estimated to be 6.5%. January traditionally has the highest unemployment rate of the year, so the December-to-January increase was not unexpected. It is a hopeful sign that despite harsher weather the rate was lower than the previous year.

South Dakota also fared better than the nation as a whole. The seasonally adjusted national rate for January reported by the media was 8.8%, but the unadjusted rate (which is comparable to South Dakota's rate) was 9.4%. That was up from 8.2% last year.

LABOR FORCE CONTINUED

Although unemployment was down in January compared to last January, employment was also down. This indicates that some people are dropping out of the labor force in South Dakota just as they are nationally.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in January was 228,400 or 1.1% below the January 1981 figure of 231,000. Manufacturing employment was unchanged at 25,200, but losses in four of the seven major nonmanufacturing industries caused a 1.3% drop in that sector. Construction and government had the largest declines of 10.1% and 3.9% respectively. There were 2,300 fewer government jobs in the state this January compared to last year, but part of that is due to a temporary reduction of about 700 work-study students.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 41.9 hours a week in January at $7.43 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $311.32. The hours figure was down from 43.2 last year, but the hourly pay was up from $6.93.

Published Monthly by the South Dakota Department of Labor

TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	January 1982				January 1981			
	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
United States	108,014,000	97,831,000	10,183,000	9.4[2]	106,885,000	98,139,000	8,746,000	8.2[2]
South Dakota	310,600	291,600	19,000	6.1	320,900	300,000	20,900	6.5
Sioux Falls SMSA	61,268	57,697	3,571	5.8	62,305	58,116	4,189	6.7
Aurora	1,403	1,346	57	4.1	1,419	1,370	49	3.5
Beadle	9,426	8,867	559	5.9	9,509	8,935	574	6.0
Bennett	1,115	1,068	47	4.2	1,111	1,074	37	3.3
Bon Homme	3,286	3,197	89	2.7	3,656	3,541	115	3.1
Brookings	12,296	11,734	562	4.6	13,690	13,096	594	4.3
Brown	18,953	17,919	1,034	5.5	18,411	17,253	1,158	6.3
Brule	2,527	2,417	110	4.4	2,654	2,516	138	5.2
Buffalo	514	426	88	17.1	484	360	124	25.6
Butte	3,608	3,391	217	6.0	3,842	3,752	90	2.3
Campbell	701	655	46	6.6	665	607	58	8.7
Charles Mix	3,653	3,427	226	6.2	3,739	3,511	228	6.1
Clark	1,757	1,655	102	5.8	1,564	1,468	96	6.1
Clay	5,418	5,241	177	3.3	5,375	5,242	133	2.5
Codington	10,204	9,234	970	9.5	9,492	8,584	908	9.6
Corson	1,363	1,164	199	14.6	1,332	1,112	220	16.5
Custer	2,136	2,014	122	5.7	2,505	2,076	129	5.9
Davison	9,413	8,952	461	4.9	9,324	8,862	462	5.0
Day	2,985	2,745	240	8.0	2,915	2,661	254	8.7
Deuel	1,863	1,628	235	12.6	1,762	1,517	245	13.9
Dewey	1,853	1,603	250	13.5	1,615	1,437	178	11.0
Douglas	1,705	1,630	75	4.4	1,861	1,795	66	3.5
Edmunds	1,854	1,747	107	5.8	1,806	1,725	81	4.5
Fall River	3,562	3,248	314	8.8	3,756	3,419	337	9.0
Faulk	1,270	1,218	52	4.1	1,217	1,185	32	2.6
Grant	3,711	3,540	171	4.6	4,167	3,842	325	7.8
Gregory	2,353	2,242	111	4.7	2,298	2,229	69	3.0
Haakon	1,327	1,250	77	5.8	1,485	1,451	34	2.3
Hamlin	1,894	1,762	132	7.0	2,029	1,929	100	4.9
Hand	1,935	1,849	86	4.4	1,952	1,868	84	4.3
Hanson	968	915	53	5.5	1,078	1,001	77	7.1

[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

[2] The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 8.5 and 7.4. The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

TABLE 1 (Continued)
LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	January 1982				January 1981			
	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
Harding	497	495	2	0.4	530	521	9	1.7
Hughes	7,451	7,057	394	5.3	7,593	7,062	531	7.0
Hutchinson	3,804	3,634	170	4.5	3,927	3,737	190	4.8
Hyde	667	625	42	6.3	699	671	28	4.0
Jackson	676	624	52	7.7	847	790	57	6.7
Jerauld	1,134	1,101	33	2.9	1,140	1,108	32	2.8
Jones	610	563	47	7.7	544	509	35	6.4
Kingsbury	3,073	2,911	162	5.3	4,202	4,061	141	3.4
Lake	5,220	4,969	251	4.8	5,431	5,015	416	7.7
Lawrence	10,295	9,812	483	4.7	9,054	8,408	646	7.1
Lincoln	5,950	5,489	461	7.7	8,304	7,970	334	4.0
Lyman	1,381	1,270	111	8.0	1,190	1,057	133	11.2
McCook	2,263	2,148	115	5.1	2,595	2,396	199	7.7
McPherson	1,487	1,429	58	3.9	1,307	1,258	49	3.7
Marshall	1,872	1,735	137	7.3	1,705	1,572	133	7.8
Meade	8,090	7,711	379	4.7	8,339	7,885	454	5.4
Mellette	943	847	96	10.2	646	569	77	11.9
Miner	1,618	1,555	63	3.9	1,710	1,581	129	7.5
Minnehaha	61,268	57,697	3571	5.8	62,305	58,116	4,189	6.7
Moody	3,121	2,955	166	5.3	3,699	3,538	161	4.4
Pennington	30,019	27,934	2,085	6.9	31,338	28,564	2,774	8.9
Perkins	1,989	1,893	96	4.8	1,886	1,826	60	3.2
Potter	1,724	1,653	71	4.1	1,748	1,682	66	3.8
Roberts	3,950	3,600	350	8.9	4,047	3,598	449	11.1
Sanborn	1,276	1,227	49	3.8	1,261	1,206	55	4.4
Shannon	2,975	2,515	460	15.5	2,544	2,270	274	10.8
Spink	3,363	3,239	124	3.7	3,334	3,265	69	2.1
Stanley	1,085	991	94	8.7	1,602	1,507	95	5.9
Sully	659	617	42	6.4	583	549	34	5.8
Todd	2,152	1,793	359	16.7	1,976	1,616	360	18.2
Tripp	3,060	2,901	159	5.2	2,958	2,751	207	7.0
Turner	3,754	3,552	202	5.4	4,549	4,362	187	4.1
Union	5,018	4,717	301	6.0	6,123	5,850	273	4.5
Walworth	3,045	2,783	262	8.6	3,194	2,758	436	13.7
Yankton	9,210	8,742	468	5.1	8,612	8,049	563	6.5
Ziebach	864	778	86	10.0	1,139	1,036	103	9.0

[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(In thousands)

	Jan. 1982	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	228.4	235.8	231.0	-3.1	-1.1
Manufacturing	25.2	25.9	25.2	-2.7	0.0
Durable Goods	12.6	13.1	12.6	-3.8	0.0
Lumber & Furniture	1.0	1.3	1.2	-23.1	-16.7
Fabricated Metals & Machinery	8.4	8.6	8.4	-2.3	0.0
Other Durable Goods	3.2	3.2	3.0	0.0	6.7
Nondurable Goods	12.6	12.8	12.6	-1.6	0.0
Food & Kindred Products	7.9	8.0	7.7	-1.3	2.6
Paper, Printing & Publishing	2.4	2.5	2.4	-4.0	0.0
Other Nondurable Goods	2.3	2.3	2.5	0.0	-8.0
Nonmanufacturing	203.2	209.9	205.8	-3.2	-1.3
Mining	2.9	2.9	2.7	0.0	7.4
Construction	7.1	8.5	7.9	-16.5	-10.1
Transportation & Public Utilities	12.7	13.0	12.9	-2.3	-1.6
Railroads	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.0	-10.0
Other Transportation	6.1	6.4	6.1	-4.7	0.0
Communications & Public Utilities	5.7	5.7	5.8	0.0	-1.7
Trade	62.7	64.7	62.2	-3.1	0.8
Wholesale Trade	16.4	16.8	16.9	-2.4	-3.0
Durable Goods	7.6	7.7	7.8	-1.3	-2.6
Nondurable Goods	8.8	9.1	9.1	-3.3	-3.3
Retail Trade	46.3	47.9	45.3	-3.3	2.2
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	11.3	11.3	11.3	0.0	0.0
Services	49.5	50.4	49.7	-1.8	-0.4
Hotels, Amuse., Pers. & Business	11.6	12.4	11.6	-6.5	0.0
Medical and Health	20.4	20.2	20.3	1.0	0.5
Educational, Membership & Social	14.7	15.0	15.0	-2.0	-2.0
Other	2.8	2.8	2.8	0.0	0.0
Government	57.0	59.1	59.3	-3.6	-3.9
Federal	10.5	10.5	10.9	0.0	-3.7
State	15.4	16.3	16.5	-5.5	-6.7
State Education	7.3	8.4	8.2	-13.1	-11.0
Other State	8.1	7.9	8.3	2.5	-2.4
Local	31.1	32.3	31.9	-3.7	-2.5
Local Education	18.3	19.0	19.0	-3.7	-3.7
Other Local	12.8	13.3	12.9	-3.8	-0.8

SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY) NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*

	Jan. 1982	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	54.1	55.1	53.5	-1.8	1.1
Manufacturing	7.4	7.5	7.7	-1.3	-3.9
Durable Goods	1.8	1.9	2.3	-5.3	-21.7
Nondurable Goods	5.6	5.6	5.4	0.0	3.7
Food & Kindred Products	4.5	4.5	4.1	0.0	9.8
Nonmanufacturing	46.7	47.6	45.8	-1.9	2.0
Construction and Mining	1.8	2.0	2.1	-10.0	-14.3
Transportation & Public Utilities	4.6	4.6	4.7	0.0	-2.1
Trade	16.0	16.2	15.8	-1.2	1.3
Wholesale Trade	4.8	4.9	4.9	-2.0	-2.0
Retail Trade	11.2	11.3	10.9	-0.9	2.8
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	3.5	3.5	3.3	0.0	6.1
Services	13.9	14.2	13.1	-2.1	6.1
Government	6.9	7.1	6.8	-2.8	1.5

*This category includes full and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the week including the 12th of the month.

TABLE 3
HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	1982	1981	1981	1982	1981	1981	1982	1981	1981
South Dakota Statewide									
Manufacturing	311.32	311.54	299.38	41.9	42.1	43.2	7.43	7.40	6.93
Durable Goods	255.00	267.07	253.12	37.5	40.1	41.7	6.80	6.66	6.07
Lumber & Furniture	231.40	275.91	238.73	32.5	38.9	39.2	7.12	7.28	6.09
Fabricated Metals & Mach	252.21	266.18	242.75	37.7	40.7	39.6	6.69	6.54	6.13
Nondurable Goods	367.62	357.58	344.64	46.3	44.2	44.7	7.94	8.09	7.71
Food & Kindred Products	429.93	414.05	418.95	48.8	45.6	47.5	8.81	9.08	8.82
Paper, Printing & Publishing	249.75	255.15	208.85	37.0	38.6	35.7	6.75	6.61	5.85
Sioux Falls MSA									
Manufacturing	476.72	464.58	442.76	52.1	48.8	50.2	9.15	9.52	8.82
Durable Goods	270.20	290.09	256.01	38.6	41.5	41.9	7.00	6.99	6.11
Nondurable Goods	505.98	491.52	475.24	54.0	49.9	51.6	9.37	9.85	9.21

*Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers.

TABLE 4
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

	Dec. 1981	Nov. 1981	Dec. 1980	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
1967=100					
All Items	281.5	280.7	258.4	0.3	8.9
Food & Beverages	270.5	269.9	259.3	0.2	4.3
Housing	305.2	304.2	276.9	0.3	10.2
Apparel	190.5	191.3	183.9	-0.4	3.6
Transportation	289.8	289.1	261.1	0.2	11.0
Medical Care	310.2	308.2	275.8	0.6	12.5
Entertainment	227.3	226.8	212.0	0.2	7.2

TABLE 5
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	Number			Percent		
	Jan. 1982	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1981	Jan. 1982	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1981
Sex, Total	6,083	4,140	7,140	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	4,594	2,950	5,274	75.5	71.3	73.9
Female	1,489	1,190	1,866	24.5	28.7	26.1
Race, Total	6,083	4,140	7,140	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	5,043	3,339	6,189	82.9	80.7	86.7
Nonwhite	1,040	801	951	17.1	19.3	13.3
Age, Total	6,083	4,140	7,140	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 45	4,697	3,253	5,419	77.2	78.6	75.9
Over 45	1,386	887	1,722	22.8	21.4	24.1
Industry, Total	6,083	4,140	7,140	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	146	103	181	2.4	2.5	2.5
Construction	2,366	1,343	2,756	38.9	32.5	38.6
Manufacturing	953	742	1,341	15.7	17.9	18.8
Transportation & Public Utilities	282	196	271	4.6	4.7	3.8
Trade	1,116	788	1,295	18.3	19.0	18.2
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	77	62	87	1.3	1.5	1.2
Services	883	683	864	14.5	16.5	12.1
Government	260	223	345	4.3	5.4	4.8
Occupation, Total	6,083	4,140	7,140	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional & Managerial	530	451	497	8.7	10.9	7.0
Clerical and Sales	699	556	756	11.5	13.4	10.6
Services	532	384	695	8.8	9.3	9.7
Processing	148	91	161	2.4	2.2	2.2
Machine Trade	286	232	320	4.7	5.6	4.5
Benchwork	381	329	593	6.3	7.9	8.3
Structural Work	2,660	1,571	3,179	43.7	38.0	44.5
Other	847	526	940	13.9	12.7	13.2
Duration of Current Spell of Unemployment						
Total	6,083	4,140	7,140	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 Weeks	1,398	841	1,435	23.0	20.3	20.1
3-4 Weeks	726	647	1,123	11.9	15.6	15.7
5-14 Weeks	2,985	1,751	3,082	49.1	42.3	43.2
15 Weeks & Over	974	901	1,500	16.0	21.8	21.0

TABLE 6
SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES - STATEWIDE

	Jan. 1982	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
State Program					
Initial Claims Monthly Total	4,221	4,512	5,025	-6.4	-16.0
Weeks Claimed Monthly Total	22,508	22,106	34,908	1.8	-35.5
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	14,678	10,457	14,575	-	0.7
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	68,298	45,790	86,192	-	-20.8
Amount of Benefit Payments	$1,910,828	$1,826,260	$2,257,808	4.6	-15.4
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$ 104.97	$ 104.44	$ 99.64	0.5	5.3
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$5,493,784	$3,582,956	$6,732,929	-	-18.4
Unemployment Trust Fund (In 000's)	$ 9,383.6	$ 10,214.0	$ 8,882.2	-8.1	5.6
Federal Program					
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	521	390	751	33.6	-30.6
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	2,323	1,720	3,867	35.1	-39.9
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$ 245,165	$ 175,582	$ 397,217	39.6	-38.3

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South Dakota
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Compiled March 29, 1982 — Report for February 1982

LABOR FORCE

The South Dakota unemployment rate dropped to 5.8% from 6.1% in January as 1,900 fewer workers were unemployed this year. But at the same time the number of people working also declined to 296,100 from 297,000 a year earlier. This means that although there are fewer people unemployed this year it's not because they found jobs. During the past year nearly 3,000 workers have dropped out of the labor force; they either left the state or are staying at home and not looking for work.

The national average unadjusted unemployment rate (which is comparable to the State's rate) was 9.6% in February, up from 8.0% last year. More than 1.3 million workers have dropped out of the labor force nationwide.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in South Dakota increased from January to February primarily because of the return of college work study students to school. The February total was 228,700 compared with 227,900 in January, but it was 0.6% below the year-ago figure of 230,100. Construction employment again had the largest percentage decline during the year among the major industries. The February estimate of 6,400 was the lowest for that month since 1972. Services and government both showed a 2.4% decline in employment since a year ago.

On the bright side, manufacturing employment, led by gains in durable goods, was up 4.4% at 26,000. Trade employment and transportation and public utilities employment were also up slightly from last year.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 42.6 hours a week in February at $7.11 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $302.89. The average number of hours worked was about the same as the year-ago estimate of 42.8 and the hourly pay was up slightly from $6.97.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The unemployment rate in Sioux Falls dipped to 5.4% in February from 5.5% in January but was well below the year-ago rate of 6.3%. There were 3,380 Sioux Falls residents unemployed in February compared with 3,906 one year ago. Total employment rose from 58,516 to 59,109 during the past year.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employemnt totaled 54,000 in February. That was up slightly from 53,400 one year ago. Services was the biggest gainer in employment among the major industries over the past year. It was up 5.2% at 14,100.

The average manufacturing production worker in Sioux Falls worked 51.3 hours a week in February at $8.13 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $417.07.

POPULATION AND LABOR FORCE IN 1981 16 YEARS AND OVER (in thousands)

	Population	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	Rate
Alabama	2,858	1,665	1,488	178	10.7
Alaska	269	192	174	18	9.3
Arizona	2,044	1,265	1,187	78	6.1
Arkansas	1,681	1,029	936	94	9.1
California	18,021	11,781	10,908	872	7.4
Colorado	2,176	1,529	1,445	84	5.5
Connecticut	2,391	1,589	1,491	98	6.2
Delaware	447	288	265	23	7.9
Florida	7,896	4,513	4,206	308	6.8
Georgia	4,006	2,596	2,430	165	6.4
Hawaii	673	449	425	24	5.4
Idaho	668	427	395	32	7.6
Illinois	8,503	5,577	5,103	474	8.5
Indiana	4,025	2,617	2,353	263	10.1
Iowa	2,148	1,418	1,320	98	6.9
Kansas	1,751	1,188	1,138	50	4.2
Kentucky	2,665	1,662	1,522	140	8.4
Louisiana	3,047	1,857	1,700	156	8.4
Maine	835	509	472	37	7.2
Maryland	3,193	2,164	2,007	157	7.3
Massachusetts	4,438	2,961	2,773	188	6.4
Michigan	6,773	4,301	3,773	528	12.3
Minnesota	3,029	2,143	2,024	118	5.5
Mississippi	1,782	1,052	964	88	8.3
Missouri	3,691	2,317	2,139	178	7.7
Montana	578	382	355	26	6.9
Nebraska	1,153	773	741	32	4.1
Nevada	633	463	430	33	7.1
New Hampshire	700	480	456	24	5.0
New Jersey	5,638	3,578	3,316	262	7.3
New Mexico	938	575	533	42	7.3
New York	13,397	8,016	7,404	612	7.6
North Carolina	4,366	2,916	2,728	188	6.4
North Dakota	470	309	294	16	5.0
Ohio	8,011	5,085	4,595	490	9.6
Oklahoma	2,266	1,442	1,391	52	3.6
Oregon	1,985	1,330	1,199	131	9.9
Pennsylvania	9,094	5,476	5,018	458	8.4
Rhode Island	730	478	442	36	7.6
South Carolina	2,253	1,417	1,298	119	8.4
South Dakota	492	333	316	17	5.1
Tennessee	3,432	2,110	1,919	192	9.1
Texas	10,554	7,075	6,701	373	5.3
Utah	988	646	603	43	6.7
Vermont	385	260	245	15	5.7
Virginia	3,951	2,600	2,442	158	6.1
Washington	3,108	1,987	1,798	189	9.5
West Virginia	1,453	786	702	84	10.7
Wisconsin	3,515	2,371	2,186	185	7.8
Wyoming	347	250	240	10	4.1

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TABLE 1
LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	February 1982				February 1981*			
	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
United States	108,324,000	97,946,000	10,378,000	9.6[2]	107,015,000	98,401,000	8,614,000	8.0[2]
South Dakota	314,300	296,100	18,200	5.8	317,100	297,000	20,100	6.3
Sioux Falls SMSA	62,489	59,109	3,380	5.4	62,422	58,516	3,906	6.3
Aurora	1,419	1,376	43	3.0	1,440	1,381	59	4.1
Beadle	9,299	8,856	443	4.8	9,480	8,954	526	5.5
Bennett	1,071	1,036	35	3.3	1,131	1,097	34	3.0
Bon Homme	3,362	3,273	89	2.6	3,445	3,289	156	4.5
Brookings	13,066	12,260	806	6.2	13,449	12,937	512	3.8
Brown	19,632	18,531	1,101	5.6	18,882	17,906	976	5.2
Brule	2,420	2,295	125	5.2	2,646	2,522	124	4.7
Buffalo	456	364	92	20.2	519	391	128	24.7
Butte	3,611	3,477	134	3.7	3,837	3,695	142	3.7
Campbell	734	691	43	5.9	676	618	58	8.6
Charles Mix	3,730	3,493	237	6.4	3,795	3,567	228	6.0
Clark	1,794	1,708	86	4.8	1,753	1,659	94	5.4
Clay	5,659	5,342	317	5.6	5,290	5,053	237	4.5
Codington	9,475	8,712	763	8.1	9,512	8,712	800	8.4
Corson	1,402	1,208	194	13.8	1,499	1,272	227	15.1
Custer	2,357	2,185	172	7.3	2,183	2,042	141	6.5
Davison	9,310	8,813	497	5.3	9,287	8,880	407	4.4
Day	2,919	2,708	211	7.2	3,150	2,852	298	9.5
Deuel	2,031	1,863	168	8.3	1,869	1,613	256	13.7
Dewey	2,012	1,781	231	11.5	1,999	1,822	177	8.9
Douglas	1,727	1,670	57	3.3	1,750	1,677	73	4.2
Edmunds	1,810	1,716	94	5.2	1,886	1,764	122	6.5
Fall River	3,174	3,007	167	5.3	3,584	3,321	263	7.3
Faulk	1,256	1,231	25	2.0	1,184	1,138	46	3.9
Grant	3,714	3,547	167	4.5	4,167	3,900	267	6.4
Gregory	2,402	2,304	98	4.1	2,385	2,313	72	3.0
Haakon	1,718	1,688	30	1.7	1,379	1,346	33	2.4
Hamlin	1,920	1,819	101	5.3	1,890	1,773	117	6.2
Hand	1,897	1,830	67	3.5	1,975	1,864	111	5.6
Hanson	985	939	46	4.7	1,002	918	84	8.4

1 Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

2 The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 8.8 and 7.4. The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

* Data in this table revised to March 1981 benchmark.

TABLE 1 (Continued)
LABOR FORCE*/ EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	February 1982				February 1981*			
	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
Harding	598	596	2	0.3	587	580	7	1.2
Hughes	8,420	7,989	431	5.1	8,038	7,616	422	5.3
Hutchinson	3,605	3,463	142	3.9	3,932	3,707	225	5.7
Hyde	746	711	35	4.7	777	742	35	4.5
Jackson	695	637	58	8.3	860	788	72	8.4
Jerauld	932	907	25	2.7	1,179	1,145	34	2.9
Jones	621	573	48	7.7	538	501	37	6.9
Kingsbury	3,102	2,970	132	4.3	3,321	3,155	166	5.0
Lake	5,029	4,855	174	3.5	5,288	4,978	310	5.9
Lawrence	8,882	8,361	521	5.9	9,003	8,566	437	4.9
Lincoln	5,946	5,574	372	6.3	6,636	6,235	401	6.0
Lyman	1,480	1,357	123	8.3	1,344	1,203	141	10.5
McCook	2,320	2,188	132	5.7	2,357	2,138	219	9.3
McPherson	1,786	1,733	53	3.0	1,491	1,437	54	3.6
Marshall	1,957	1,784	173	8.8	1,887	1,711	176	9.3
Meade	8,838	8,483	355	4.0	8,567	8,115	452	5.3
Mellette	740	643	97	13.1	618	545	73	11.8
Miner	1,646	1,586	60	3.6	1,697	1,555	142	8.4
Minnehaha	62,489	59,109	3,380	5.4	62,422	58,516	3,906	6.3
Moody	3,135	2,996	139	4.4	3,222	3,031	191	5.9
Pennington	30,810	28,810	2000	6.5	31,993	29,397	2,595	8.1
Perkins	2,004	1,949	55	2.7	1,916	1,849	67	3.5
Potter	1,743	1,671	72	4.1	1,705	1,637	68	4.0
Roberts	3,861	3,477	384	9.9	4,054	3,630	424	10.5
Sanborn	1,338	1,257	81	6.1	1,185	1,119	66	5.6
Shannon	3,234	2,664	570	17.6	3,145	2,869	276	8.8
Spink	3,392	3,299	93	2.7	3,522	3,430	92	2.6
Stanley	1,049	965	84	8.0	1,074	976	98	9.1
Sully	649	592	57	8.8	566	524	42	7.4
Todd	2,144	1,816	328	15.3	1,954	1,615	339	17.3
Tripp	3,118	2,993	125	4.0	2,815	2,653	162	5.8
Turner	3,833	3,637	196	5.1	3,980	3,747	233	5.9
Union	5,045	4,731	314	6.2	4,792	4,484	308	6.4
Walworth	2,790	2,508	282	10.1	2,914	2,577	337	11.6
Yankton	9,092	8,700	392	4.3	9,662	9,071	591	6.1
Ziebach	848	772	76	9.0	978	869	109	11.1

[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

* Data in this table revised to March 1981 benchmark.

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(In thousands)

	Feb. 1982	Jan. 1982	Feb. 1981	Percent Change From: Last Month	Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	228.7	227.9	230.1	0.4	-0.6
Manufacturing	26.0	25.9	24.9	0.4	4.4
Durable Goods	13.3	13.3	12.5	0.0	6.4
Lumber & Furniture	1.1	1.0	1.2	10.0	-8.3
Fabricated Metals & Machinery	9.1	9.1	8.3	0.0	9.6
Other Durable Goods	3.1	3.2	3.0	-3.1	3.3
Nondurable Goods	12.7	12.6	12.4	0.8	2.4
Food & Kindred Products	7.9	7.9	7.5	0.0	5.3
Paper, Printing & Publishing	2.5	2.4	2.4	4.2	4.2
Other Nondurable Goods	2.3	2.3	2.5	0.0	-8.0
Nonmanufacturing	202.7	202.0	205.2	0.3	-1.2
Mining	2.8	2.8	2.7	0.0	3.7
Construction	6.4	6.8	7.3	-5.9	-12.3
Transportation & Public Utilities	13.2	13.1	12.8	0.8	3.1
Railroads	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.0	-10.0
Other Transportation	6.5	6.5	6.0	0.0	8.3
Communications & Public Utilities	5.8	5.7	5.8	1.8	0.0
Trade	62.5	62.4	62.2	0.2	0.5
Wholesale Trade	16.6	16.5	16.9	0.6	-1.8
Durable Goods	7.5	7.6	7.8	-1.3	-3.8
Nondurable Goods	9.1	8.9	9.1	2.2	0.0
Retail Trade	45.9	45.9	45.3	0.0	1.3
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	11.3	11.1	11.1	1.8	1.8
Services	48.9	48.9	50.1	0.0	-2.4
Hotels, Amuse., Pers. & Business	11.4	11.6	11.8	-1.7	-3.4
Medical and Health	20.3	20.4	20.3	-0.5	0.0
Educational, Membership & Social	14.5	14.2	15.2	2.1	-4.6
Other	2.7	2.7	2.8	0.0	-3.6
Government	57.6	56.9	59.0	1.2	-2.4
Federal	10.4	10.4	10.8	0.0	-3.7
State	15.8	15.3	16.3	3.3	-3.1
State Education	8.0	7.3	8.1	9.6	-1.2
Other State	7.8	8.0	8.2	-2.5	-4.9
Local	31.4	31.2	31.9	0.6	-1.6
Local Education	18.8	18.4	19.2	2.2	-2.1
Other Local	12.6	12.8	12.7	-1.6	-0.8

SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY) NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*

	Feb. 1982	Jan. 1982	Feb. 1981	Percent Change From: Last Month	Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	54.0	54.2	53.4	-0.4	1.1
Manufacturing	7.4	7.5	7.4	-1.3	0.0
Durable Goods	1.8	1.9	2.1	-5.3	-14.3
Nondurable Goods	5.6	5.6	5.3	0.0	5.7
Food & Kindred Products	4.5	4.5	4.0	0.0	12.5
Nonmanufacturing	46.6	46.7	46.0	-0.2	1.3
Construction and Mining	1.8	1.8	2.0	0.0	-10.0
Transportation & Public Utilities	4.6	4.6	4.6	0.0	0.0
Trade	15.7	15.9	15.8	-1.3	-0.6
Wholesale Trade	4.7	4.8	5.0	-2.1	-6.0
Retail Trade	11.0	11.1	10.8	-0.9	1.9
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	3.4	3.5	3.3	-2.9	3.0
Services	14.1	14.0	13.4	0.7	5.2
Government	7.0	6.9	6.9	1.4	1.4

*This category includes full and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the week including the 12th of the month.

TABLE 3

HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Feb. 1982	Jan. 1982	Feb. 1981	Feb. 1982	Jan. 1982	Feb. 1981	Feb. 1982	Jan. 1982	Feb. 1981
South Dakota Statewide									
Manufacturing	303.45	309.09	298.32	42.5	41.6	42.8	7.14	7.43	6.97
Durable Goods	266.17	250.55	258.75	38.8	36.9	41.4	6.86	6.79	6.25
Lumber & Furniture	236.99	231.40	242.97	34.1	32.5	39.0	6.95	7.12	6.23
Fabricated Metals & Mach	254.39	243.98	251.83	37.8	36.8	40.1	6.73	6.63	6.28
Nondurable Goods	340.96	367.62	339.64	46.2	46.3	44.4	7.38	7.94	7.65
Food & Kindred Products	384.61	429.93	413.00	48.5	48.8	47.2	7.93	8.81	8.75
Paper, Printing & Publishing	253.46	249.01	204.84	35.8	37.0	36.0	7.08	6.73	5.69
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing	417.07	475.80	433.84	51.3	52.0	49.3	8.13	9.15	8.80
Durable Goods	278.59	264.92	263.56	40.2	37.9	40.3	6.93	6.99	6.54
Nondurable Goods	436.95	505.98	464.21	52.9	54.0	50.9	8.26	9.37	9.12

*Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers.

TABLE 4

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

	Jan. 1982	Dec. 1981	Jan. 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
1967=100					
All Items	282.5	281.5	260.5	0.4	8.4
Food & Beverages	273.6	270.5	261.4	1.1	4.7
Housing	306.1	305.2	279.1	0.3	9.7
Apparel	187.3	190.5	181.1	-1.7	3.4
Transportation	289.9	289.8	264.7	0.0	9.5
Medical Care	313.4	310.2	279.5	1.0	12.1
Entertainment	229.2	227.3	214.4	0.8	6.9

TABLE 5
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	Number			Percent		
	Feb. 1982	Jan. 1982	Feb. 1981	Feb. 1982	Jan. 1982	Feb. 1981
Sex, Total	6,105	6,083	6,558	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	4,734	4,594	5,055	77.5	75.5	73.9
Female	1,371	1,489	1,503	22.5	24.5	26.1
Race, Total	6,105	6,083	6,558	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	5,091	5,043	5,717	83.4	82.9	86.7
Nonwhite	1,014	1,040	841	16.6	17.1	13.3
Age, Total	6,105	6,083	6,558	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 45	4,759	4,697	5,035	78.0	77.2	75.9
Over 45	1,346	1,386	1,523	22.0	22.8	24.1
Industry, Total	6,105	6,083	6,558	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	142	146	190	2.3	2.4	2.5
Construction	2,419	2,366	2,743	39.6	38.9	38.6
Manufacturing	1,002	953	1,136	16.4	15.7	18.8
Transportation & Public Utilities	248	282	281	4.1	4.6	3.8
Trade	1,146	1,116	1,149	18.8	18.3	18.2
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	82	77	74	1.4	1.3	1.2
Services	826	883	734	13.5	14.5	12.1
Government	240	260	251	3.9	4.3	4.8
Occupation, Total	6,105	6,083	6,558	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional & Managerial	533	530	388	8.7	8.7	7.0
Clerical and Sales	725	699	673	11.9	11.5	10.6
Services	583	532	614	9.6	8.8	9.7
Processing	177	148	131	2.9	2.4	2.2
Machine Trade	294	286	294	4.8	4.7	4.5
Benchwork	275	381	475	4.5	6.3	8.3
Structural Work	2,737	2,660	3,124	44.8	43.7	44.5
Other	781	847	859	12.8	13.9	13.2
Duration of Current Spell of Unemployment						
Total	6,105	6,083	6,558	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 Weeks	832	1,398	681	13.6	23.0	20.1
3-4 Weeks	756	726	807	12.4	11.9	15.7
5-14 Weeks	3,420	2,985	3,759	56.0	49.1	43.2
15 Weeks & Over	1,097	974	1,311	18.0	16.0	21.0

TABLE 6
SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES - STATEWIDE

	Feb. 1982	Jan. 1982	Feb. 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
State Program					
Initial Claims Monthly Total	2,860	4,221	3,430	-32.2	-16.6
Weeks Claimed Monthly Total	24,349	22,508	27,178	8.2	-10.4
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	17,538	14,678	17,005	-	3.1
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	92,647	68,298	113,370	-	-18.3
Amount of Benefit Payments	$2,145,562	$1,910,828	$2,313,838	12.3	-7.3
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$106.15	$104.97	$101.59	1.1	4.5
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$7,639,346	$5,493,784	$9,046,767	-	-15.6
Unemployment Trust Fund (in ooo's)	$8,745.2	$9,383.6	$7,654.2	-6.8	14.3
Federal Program					
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	593	521	871	-	-31.9
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	2,885	2,323	4,979	-	-42.1
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$321,404	$245,165	$529,066	-	-39.3

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South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

Compiled April 15, 1982 — Report for March 1982

LABOR FORCE

The South Dakota unemployment rate continued its seasonal spring decline in March, dropping to 5.6%. That was down from 5.8% in February and 6.1% in January. It was also below the year-ago rate of 5.8%. The total number of unemployed South Dakotans dropped to 18,100 in March from 18,900 one year ago.

Employment continued to run below the previous year level. The March estimate of 302,000 compared with 304,600 in March 1981 and the highest March employment estimate of 308,000, recorded in 1980.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

A slight seasonal increase boosted nonfarm payroll employment to 229,200 in March from 228,300 in February, but it remained below the year ago figure of 232,500. Construction again had the largest decline in employment during the past year among the major industries. The March estimate of 6,800 was 15% below the year-ago figure of 8,000. Services employment was also down 3.4% at 48,700 and government employment decreased 1.7% to 58,100. Manufacturing was the only major industry with a significant increase in employment. The March estimate of 25,800 was up 2.4% or 600 workers from one year ago.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 42.3 hours a week in March at $7.00 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $296.10. The average hourly wage was up slightly from $6.94 one year ago, and the average work week compared with 41.5 hours a year earlier.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The unemployment rate in Sioux Falls dropped to 5.1% in March from 5.4% in February. It was also well below the year-ago estimate of 5.7%. The total number of unemployed in Sioux Falls was 3,239 in March or about 10.0% fewer than in March 1981. Total employment rose to 59,760 from 59,380 a year earlier.

In contrast to the statewide trend, total nonagricultural emloyment in Sioux Falls increased during the past year. The March 1982 estimate was 54,600 compared with 53,900 in March 1981. Manufacturing employment was up slightly at 7,500 while services had the largest increase among the nonmanufacturing industries. It was up 6.6% over the year at 14,500. Construction again had the largest decline among the nonmanufacturing industries. It dropped 300 employees to 1,900 in March.

The average manufacturing production worker in Sioux Falls worked 49.9 hours a week in March at $8.18 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $408.18.

Published Monthly by the South Dakota Department of Labor

16 STATES HAVE BIG JOBLESS JUMP

Unemployment rates rose in 46 States from February 1981 to February 1982. In 16 states, rates rose 2.0 percentage points or more, while only one state--North Dakota--had a decline as large as 1.0 point. Michigan continued to have the highest jobless rate (16.1 percent), while Oklahoma and Wyoming had the lowest (4.8 percent). South Dakota's rate for February was 5.8%.

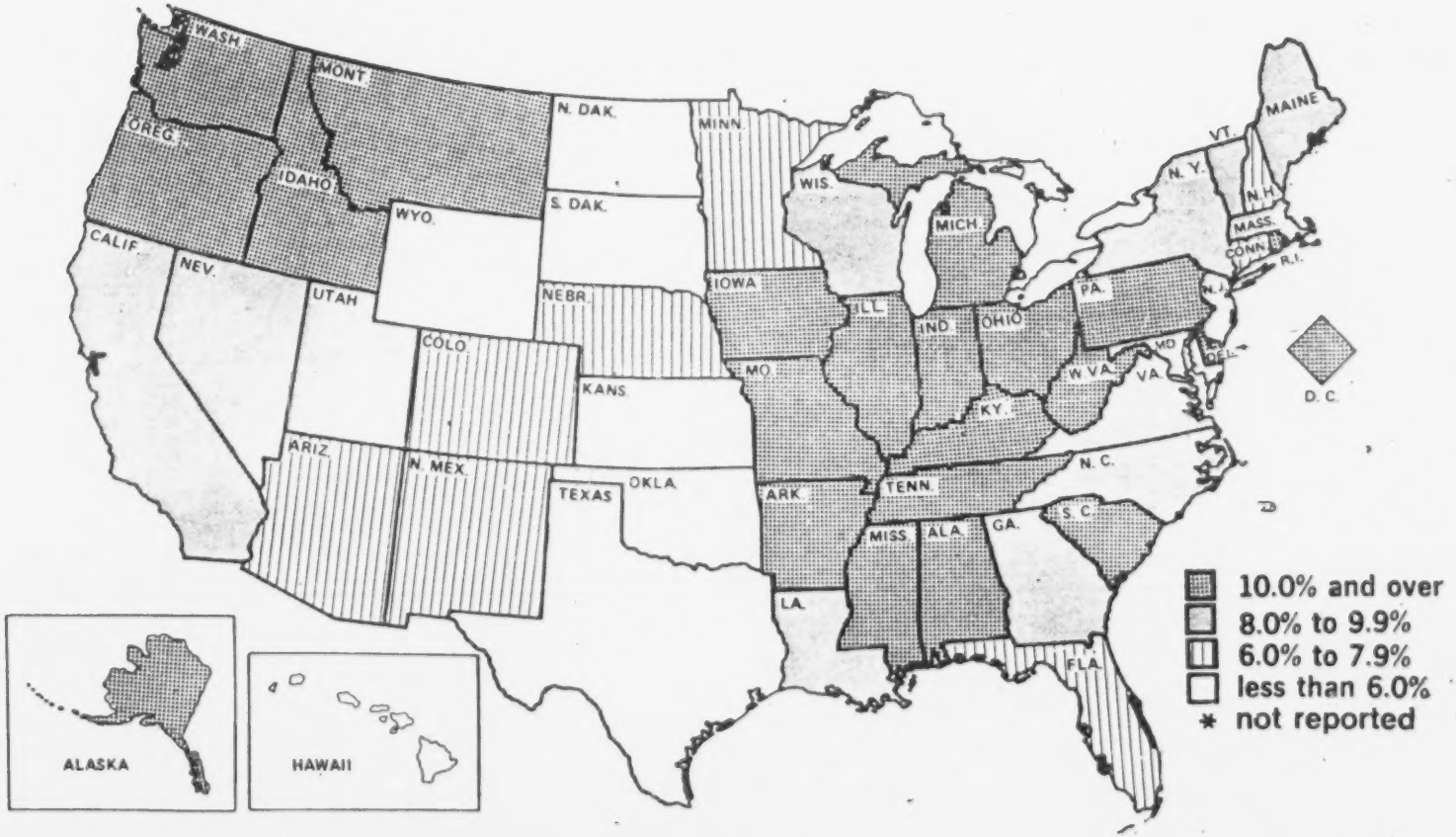
While the South continued to have the largest number of states with unemployment rate increases of 2.0 pc'nts or more, for the first time during the current economic slowdown, four Northeastern States (Massachusetts, Vermont, New Hampshire, and Pennsylvania) had rate increases of this magnitude as well. In the South, over the year increases of at least 2.0 points were reported in Alabama, North and South Carolina, Maryland, Tennessee, Virginia, and the District of Columbia. Large increases were also reported in three Western States (Idaho, Montana, and Washington) and in three North Central States (Indiana, Iowa, and Ohio). Economic activity in almost all of these states has been adversely affected by the prolonged slump in manufacturing and housing, as well as cutbacks in government employment. A total of 21 states reported 10 percent or higher unemployment in February 1982, a marked rise from nine a year earlier and the greatest number reported in any February during the 1970-82 period for which data are available. High unemployment States are concentrated in two major portions of the Nation, the industrial North and South Central States and the Northwestern States. By contrast, States which rely heavily on agriculture or oil and gas extraction and refining had relatively low unemployment rates. The States are concentrated in a band from the Dakotas to Texas.

Civilian Labor Force and Unemployment by State
(numbers in thousands)

	Feb. 82 Labor Force	Feb. 82 Unemployed	Feb. 82 % of Labor Force
1 Michigan	4,240.3	684.3	16.1
2 Alabama	1,668.4	231.5	13.9
3 Indiana	2,578.4	343.1	13.3
4 Washington	1,972.6	256.8	13.0
5 West Virginia	770.3	95.2	12.4
6 Oregon	1,307.4	162.2	12.4
7 Tennessee	2,093.1	258.3	12.3
8 Ohio	4,966.9	605.8	12.2
9 Idaho	423.0	50.6	12.0
10 Kentucky	1,593.4	183.4	11.5
11 Arkansas	1,001.9	114.4	11.4
12 South Carolina	1,424.3	160.7	11.3
13 Alaska	195.8	22.2	11.3
14 Pennsylvania	5,447.7	597.8	11.0
15 Montana	388.4	41.1	10.6
16 Rhode Island	475.9	48.8	10.2
17 Mississippi	1,061.6	108.3	10.2
18 Iowa	1,408.2	144.0	10.2
19 Missouri	2,267.6	228.7	10.1
20 Illinois	5,551.4	561.1	10.1
21 Delaware	288.9	29.3	10.1
22 Dist. of Columbia	308.0	30.7	10.0
23 Maryland	2,156.3	211.5	9.8
24 Louisiana	1,836.5	175.5	9.6
25 California	11,945.9	1145.0	9.6
26 Wisconsin	2,325.9	220.6	9.5
27 North Carolina	2,917.6	270.7	9.3
28 New Jersey	3,506.3	326.6	9.3
29 Utah	664.8	60.2	9.1
30 New York	8,036.1	722.2	9.0
31 Maine	497.5	44.1	8.9
32 Vermont	260.3	22.6	8.7
33 Virginia	2,624.1	220.2	8.4
34 Nevada	479.1	40.0	8.3
35 Massachusetts	2,960.3	246.7	8.3
36 Georgia	2,606.9	210.4	8.1
37 New Hampshire	478.8	37.8	7.9
38 Arizona	1,301.1	102.9	7.9
39 Minnesota	2,080.2	161.2	7.7
40 Connecticut	1,599.9	122.0	7.6
41 New Mexico	570.2	42.7	7.5
42 Florida	4,558.2	321.7	7.1
43 Colorado	1,523.1	102.7	6.7
44 Nebraska	759.2	47.3	6.2
45 Texas	7,223.2	420.6	5.8
46 South Dakota	314.3	18.2	5.8
47 Kansas	1,151.4	66.4	5.8
48 North Dakota	296.1	17.0	5.7
49 Hawaii	450.2	24.9	5.5
50 Wyoming	246.2	11.9	4.8
51 Oklahoma	1,451.6	69.5	4.8

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, April 1982

Unemployment Rates by State, February 1982



Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, April 1982

TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	MARCH 1982				MARCH 1981*			
	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
United States	108,761,000	98,471,000	10,292,000	9.5[2]	105,405,000	97,318,000	8,087,000	7.7[2]
South Dakota	320,100	302,000	18,100	5.6	323,500	304,600	18,900	5.8
Sioux Falls SMSA	62,999	59,760	3,239	5.1	62,965	59,380	3,585	5.7
Aurora	1,391	1,351	40	2.9	1,480	1,434	46	3.1
Beadle	9,108	8,642	466	5.1	9,607	9,159	448	4.7
Bennett	1,132	1,087	45	4.0	1,140	1,111	29	2.5
Bon Homme	3,271	3,132	139	4.2	3,487	3,323	164	4.7
Brookings	13,581	12,639	942	6.9	13,737	12,888	849	6.2
Brown	20,176	18,905	1,271	6.3	18,959	17,924	1,035	5.5
Brule	2,751	2,642	109	4.0	2,712	2,613	99	3.7
Buffalo	411	340	71	17.3	526	414	112	21.3
Butte	3,774	3,676	98	2.6	3,864	3,754	110	2.8
Campbell	689	647	42	6.1	728	672	56	7.7
Charles Mix	3,838	3,603	235	6.1	3,898	3,672	226	5.8
Clark	1,882	1,798	84	4.5	1,800	1,720	80	4.4
Clay	5,814	5,458	356	6.1	5,852	5,530	322	5.5
Codington	9,641	8,915	726	7.5	9,532	8,779	753	7.9
Corson	1,435	1,283	152	10.6	1,564	1,355	209	13.4
Custer	2,278	2,181	97	4.3	2,182	2,020	162	7.4
Davison	9,441	9,087	354	3.7	9,329	8,963	366	3.9
Day	2,859	2,625	234	8.2	3,251	2,968	283	8.7
Deuel	2,180	2,039	141	6.5	1,900	1,719	181	9.5
Dewey	2,079	1,859	220	10.6	2,074	1,906	168	8.1
Douglas	1,747	1,692	55	3.1	1,794	1,739	55	3.1
Edmunds	1,869	1,783	86	4.6	1,927	1,826	101	5.2
Fall River	3,112	2,936	176	5.7	3,566	3,328	238	6.7
Faulk	1,189	1,165	24	2.0	1,311	1,275	36	2.7
Grant	3,925	3,736	189	4.8	4,209	3,998	211	5.0
Gregory	2,421	2,353	68	2.8	2,398	2,309	89	3.7
Haakon	1,299	1,272	27	2.1	1,404	1,359	45	3.2
Hamlin	1,974	1,885	89	4.5	1,973	1,870	103	5.2
Hand	1,874	1,834	40	2.1	2,052	1,957	95	4.6
Hanson	1,095	1,048	47	4.3	1,071	999	72	6.7

1 Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

2 The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 9.0 and 7.3. The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

* Data in this table revised to March 1981 benchmark.

TABLE 1 (Continued)
LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	MARCH 1982				MARCH 1981*			
	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
Harding	620	618	2	0.3	643	639	4	0.6
Hughes	7,991	7,630	361	4.5	8,150	7,721	429	5.3
Hutchinson	3,697	3,583	114	3.1	3,878	3,714	164	4.2
Hyde	812	787	25	3.1	833	798	35	4.2
Jackson	921	853	68	7.4	862	803	59	6.8
Jerauld	1,177	1,139	38	3.2	1,190	1,146	44	3.7
Jones	653	610	43	6.6	577	542	35	6.1
Kingsbury	3,202	3,090	112	3.5	3,485	3,375	110	3.2
Lake	5,249	4,924	325	6.2	5,262	4,938	324	6.2
Lawrence	9,370	8,810	560	6.0	8,842	8,452	390	4.4
Lincoln	6,077	5,729	348	5.7	6,506	6,151	355	5.5
Lyman	1,410	1,307	103	7.3	1,351	1,246	105	7.8
McCook	2,197	2,053	144	6.6	2,323	2,135	188	8.1
McPherson	1,521	1,457	64	4.2	1,561	1,506	55	3.5
Marshall	2,084	1,910	174	8.3	1,972	1,819	153	7.8
Meade	9,020	8,696	324	3.6	9,168	8,736	432	4.7
Mellette	720	628	92	12.8	675	627	48	7.1
Miner	1,666	1,605	61	3.7	1,774	1,683	91	5.1
Minnehaha	62,999	59,760	3,239	5.1	62,965	59,380	3,585	5.7
Moody	3,311	3,157	154	4.7	3,378	3,212	166	4.9
Pennington	31,691	29,536	2,155	6.8	32,021	29,672	2,349	7.3
Perkins	2,104	2,052	52	2.5	2,065	1,996	69	3.3
Potter	1,696	1,628	68	4.0	1,828	1,743	85	4.6
Roberts	3,977	3,588	389	9.8	4,176	3,764	412	9.9
Sanborn	1,184	1,123	61	5.2	1,244	1,191	53	4.3
Shannon	3,462	2,944	518	15.0	3,050	2,801	249	8.2
Spink	3,575	3,491	84	2.3	3,755	3,669	86	2.3
Stanley	1,189	1,107	82	6.9	1,209	1,126	83	6.9
Sully	610	575	35	5.7	693	658	35	5.1
Todd	2,205	1,898	307	13.9	2,211	1,843	368	16.6
Tripp	3,008	2,905	103	3.4	3,078	2,914	164	5.3
Turner	3,801	3,613	188	4.9	4,101	3,885	216	5.3
Union	5,277	4,914	363	6.9	5,418	5,101	317	5.9
Walworth	2,949	2,727	222	7.5	3,049	2,746	303	9.9
Yankton	9,450	9,041	409	4.3	9,866	9,372	494	5.0
Ziebach	997	933	64	6.4	1,035	929	106	10.2

1 Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

* Data in this table revised to March 1981 benchmark.

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	Mar. 1982	Feb. 1982	Mar. 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	229.2	228.3	232.5	0.4	-1.4
Manufacturing	25.8	25.9	25.2	-0.4	2.4
Durable Goods	13.0	13.2	12.7	-1.5	2.4
Lumber & Furniture	1.0	1.0	1.2	0.0	-16.7
Fabricated Metals & Machinery	8.9	9.1	8.4	-2.2	6.0
Other Durable Goods	3.1	3.1	3.1	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods	12.8	12.7	12.5	0.8	2.4
Food & Kindred Products	7.9	7.9	7.5	0.0	5.3
Paper, Printing & Publishing	2.5	2.5	2.4	0.0	4.2
Other Nondurable Goods	2.4	2.3	2.6	4.3	-7.7
Nonmanufacturing	203.4	202.4	207.3	0.5	-1.9
Mining	2.8	2.8	2.8	0.0	0.0
Construction	6.8	6.5	8.0	4.6	-15.0
Transportation & Public Utilities	13.0	13.0	12.8	0.0	1.6
Railroads	0.8	0.8	1.0	0.0	-20.0
Other Transportation	6.3	6.3	6.0	0.0	5.0
Communications & Public Utilities	5.9	5.9	5.8	0.0	1.7
Trade	62.8	62.2	63.1	1.0	-0.5
Wholesale Trade	16.8	16.5	17.0	1.8	-1.2
Durable Goods	7.6	7.5	7.9	1.3	-3.8
Nondurable Goods	9.2	9.0	9.1	2.2	1.1
Retail Trade	46.0	45.7	46.1	0.6	0.2
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	11.2	11.2	11.1	0.0	0.9
Services	48.7	49.0	50.4	-0.6	-3.4
Hotels, Amuse., Pers. & Business	11.4	11.4	11.9	0.0	-4.2
Medical and Health	20.6	20.5	20.5	0.5	0.5
Educational, Membership & Social	14.0	14.4	15.2	-2.8	-7.9
Other	2.7	2.7	2.8	0.0	3.6
Government	58.1	57.7	59.1	0.7	-1.7
Federal	10.4	10.4	10.7	0.0	-2.8
State	15.7	15.9	16.2	-1.3	-3.1
State Education	8.0	8.0	8.2	0.0	-2.4
Other State	7.7	7.9	8.0	-2.5	-3.8
Local	32.0	31.4	32.2	1.9	-0.6
Local Education	19.2	18.7	19.4	2.7	-1.0
Other Local	12.8	12.7	12.8	0.8	0.0

SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY) NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*

	Mar. 1982	Feb. 1982	Mar. 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	54.6	54.3	53.9	0.6	1.3
Manufacturing	7.5	7.4	7.4	1.4	1.4
Durable Goods	1.8	1.8	2.1	0.0	-14.3
Nondurable Goods	5.7	5.6	5.3	1.8	7.5
Food & Kindred Products	4.5	4.5	4.0	0.0	12.5
Nonmanufacturing	47.1	46.9	46.5	0.4	1.3
Construction and Mining	1.9	1.8	2.2	5.6	-13.6
Transportation & Public Utilities	4.5	4.5	4.6	0.0	-2.2
Trade	15.8	15.7	15.9	0.6	-0.6
Wholesale Trade	4.7	4.7	5.0	0.0	-6.0
Retail Trade	11.1	11.0	10.9	0.0	1.8
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	3.4	3.5	3.4	-2.9	0.0
Services	14.5	14.4	13.6	0.7	6.6
Government	7.0	7.0	6.8	0.0	2.9

*This category includes full and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the week including the 12th of the month.

TABLE 3

HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Mar. 1982	Feb. 1982	Mar. 1981	Mar. 1982	Feb. 1982	Mar. 1981	Mar. 1982	Feb. 1982	Mar. 1981
South Dakota Statewide									
Manufacturing	296.10	303.58	288.01	42.3	43.0	41.5	7.00	7.06	6.94
Durable Goods	266.93	270.55	264.77	40.2	40.2	41.5	6.64	6.73	6.38
Lumber & Furniture	261.62	236.99	252.50	39.4	34.1	40.4	6.64	6.95	6.25
Fabricated Metals & Mach	250.14	257.15	257.35	37.9	39.2	40.4	6.60	6.56	6.37
Nondurable Goods	324.72	337.82	311.74	44.3	45.9	41.4	7.33	7.36	7.53
Food & Kindred Products	367.62	383.81	374.54	46.3	48.4	43.1	7.94	7.93	8.69
Paper, Printing & Publishing	234.57	249.22	216.80	34.7	35.3	35.6	6.76	7.06	6.09
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing	408.18	417.88	387.49	49.9	51.4	44.9	8.18	8.13	8.63
Durable Goods	284.09	280.38	259.72	39.9	40.4	40.9	7.12	6.94	6.35
Nondurable Goods	424.45	436.95	385.56	51.2	52.9	42.0	8.29	8.26	9.18

*Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers.

TABLE 4

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

	FEB. 1982	JAN. 1982	FEB. 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
1967=100					
All Items	283.4	282.5	263.2	0.3	7.7
Food & Beverages	275.8	273.6	263.7	0.8	4.6
Housing	307.3	306.1	280.9	0.4	9.4
Apparel	188.0	187.3	182.0	0.4	3.3
Transportation	288.0	289.9	270.9	-0.7	6.3
Medical Care	316.2	313.4	282.6	0.9	11.9
Entertainment	231.2	229.2	216.7	0.9	6.7

TABLE 5
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	Number			Percent		
	Mar. 1982	Feb. 1982	Mar. 1981	Mar. 1982	Feb. 1982	Mar. 1981
Sex, Total	6,015	6,105	5,868	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	4,549	4,734	4,413	75.6	77.5	75.2
Female	1,466	1,371	1,455	24.4	22.5	24.8
Race, Total	6,015	6,105	5,868	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	4,996	5,091	5,026	83.1	83.4	85.7
Nonwhite	1,017	1,014	842	16.9	16.6	14.3
Age, Total	6,015	6,105	5,868	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 45	4,640	4,759	4,467	77.1	78.0	76.1
Over 45	1,375	1,346	1,401	22.9	22.0	23.9
Industry, Total	6,015	6,105	5,868	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	162	142	149	2.7	2.3	2.5
Construction	2,201	2,419	2,399	36.6	39.6	40.9
Manufacturing	1,051	1,002	886	17.5	16.4	15.1
Transportation & Public Utilities	265	248	243	4.4	4.1	4.1
Trade	1,209	1,146	1,162	20.1	18.8	19.8
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	79	82	79	1.3	1.4	1.4
Services	810	826	711	13.5	13.5	12.1
Government	238	240	239	3.9	3.9	4.1
Occupation, Total	6,015	6,105	5,868	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional & Managerial	548	533	379	9.1	8.7	6.5
Clerical and Sales	734	725	658	12.2	11.9	11.2
Services	631	583	664	10.5	9.6	11.3
Processing	203	177	125	3.4	2.9	2.1
Machine Trade	285	294	254	4.7	4.8	4.3
Benchwork	276	275	361	4.6	4.5	6.2
Structural Work	2,582	2,737	2,681	42.9	44.8	45.7
Other	756	781	746	12.6	12.8	12.7
Duration of Current Spell of Unemployment						
Total	6,015	6,105	5,868	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 Weeks	735	832	537	12.2	13.6	9.2
3-4 Weeks	607	756	537	10.1	12.4	9.2
5-14 Weeks	3,053	3,420	3,147	50.8	56.0	53.6
15 Weeks & Over	1,620	1,097	1,647	26.9	18.0	28.0

TABLE 6
SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES - STATEWIDE

				Percent Change From	
	Mar. 1982	Feb. 1982	Mar. 1981	Last Month	Last Year
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
State Program					
Initial Claims Monthly Total	2,873	2,860	2,068	0.5	38.9
Weeks Claimed Monthly Total	23,523	24,349	23,992	-3.4	-2.0
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	20,411	17,538	19,073	-	7.0
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	116,170	92,647	137,362	-	-15.4
Amount of Benefit Payments	$2,163,955	$2,145,562	$2,252,216	0.9	-3.9
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$108.12	$106.15	$106.65	1.9	1.4
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$9,803,301	$7,639,346	$11,298,983	-	-13.2
Unemployment Trust Fund (in ooo's)	$6,894.8	$8,745.2	$5,809.5	-21.2	18.7
Federal Program					
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	668	593	958	-	-30.3
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	3,391	2,885	5,998	-	-43.5
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$385,542	$321,404	$650,682	-	-40.7

South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

Compiled May 26, 1982

Report for April 1982

LABOR FORCE

The South Dakota unemployment rate dropped again in April to 5.1%. That was the third consecutive monthly decline, but that's not unusual for this time of year when outside Spring work is getting underway. The rate will probably continue to drop until June when college students begin looking for work.

For the first time this year, unemployment was higher compared with one year ago. The April rate of 5.1% compared with 4.6% in April 1981, and the number of unemployed was up 1,500 at 16,800. This trend will continue into May at least, since the number of claims for unemployment compensation is now running ahead of one year ago.

Total employment remained below the year-ago level. The April estimate of 311,400 was down 1.3% from the April 1981 figure of 315,400, and it was also lower than the 1980 and 1979 totals of 317,400 and 319,000 respectively.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Nonfarm payroll employment, following the trend of total employment, was below the year ago figure. The April 1982 total of 231,500 was down 1.7% or 4,000 jobs from April 1981. None of the major industries had significant gains in employment during the past year, although construction was the only industry to have a large decline. It dropped to 7,400 or 1,700 jobs below the already depressed level of 9,100 a year earlier.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 39.9 hours a week in April at $7.36 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $293.66. The hourly wage was up 5.3% from one year ago and the average work week was down from 42.6 hours a year ago.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The Sioux Falls unemployment rate dropped to 4.6% in April from 5.1% in March. It was also below the rate recorded one year ago which was 5.1%. There were 2,913 Sioux Falls SMSA (Minnehaha County) residents unemployed in April compared with 3,239 one year ago. Total employment increased from 59,852 to 60,713 during the year.

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment was 55,700 in April compared with 54,700 in March and 54,000 in April 1981. Manufacturing employment increased 4.1% or 300 jobs during the past year. Among the nonmanufacturing industries, services was up 8.0% at 14,800 and retail trade increased 6.5% to 11,400. Construction employment again declined from the year ago level.

The average manufacturing production worker in Sioux Falls worked 45.5 hours a week in April at $9.38 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $426.79.

Published Monthly by the South Dakota Department of Labor

TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	April 1982				April 1981*			
	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate
United States	108,814,000	98,858,000	9,957,000	9.2[2]	107,906,000	100,345,000	7,561,000	7.0[2]
South Dakota	328,200	311,400	16,800	5.1	330,700	315,400	15,300	4.6
Sioux Falls SMSA	63,626	60,713	2,913	4.6	62,836	59,843	2,993	4.8
Aurora	1,489	1,446	43	2.9	1,614	1,545	69	4.3
Beadle	9,534	9,139	395	4.1	9,926	9,541	385	3.9
Bennett	1,194	1,151	43	3.6	1,212	1,164	48	4.0
Bon Homme	3,335	3,252	83	2.5	3,698	3,545	153	4.1
Brookings	13,759	13,082	677	4.9	14,022	13,389	633	4.5
Brown	20,768	19,594	1,174	5.7	19,250	18,349	901	4.7
Brule	2,755	2,650	105	3.8	2,715	2,623	92	3.4
Buffalo	462	395	67	14.5	532	428	104	19.5
Butte	3,928	3,679	249	6.3	3,954	3,898	56	1.4
Campbell	734	695	39	5.3	797	771	26	3.3
Charles Mix	4,169	3,931	238	5.7	4,058	3,880	178	4.4
Clark	1,983	1,932	51	2.6	1,938	1,881	57	2.9
Clay	6,038	5,690	348	5.8	6,039	5,750	289	4.8
Codington	10,053	9,277	776	7.7	9,708	9,124	584	6.0
Corson	1,474	1,326	148	10.0	1,591	1,380	211	13.3
Custer	2,412	2,308	104	4.3	2,305	2,129	176	7.6
Davison	9,642	9,307	335	3.5	9,558	9,233	325	3.4
Day	3,068	2,851	217	7.1	3,335	3,130	205	6.1
Deuel	2,306	2,168	138	6.0	2,035	1,895	140	6.9
Dewey	2,073	1,876	197	9.5	2,168	1,951	217	10.0
Douglas	1,853	1,802	51	2.8	1,886	1,850	36	1.9
Edmunds	2,017	1,910	107	5.3	2,083	1,986	97	4.7
Fall River	3,131	2,975	156	5.0	3,664	3,489	175	4.8
Faulk	1,368	1,348	20	1.5	1,389	1,357	32	2.3
Grant	4,074	3,899	175	4.3	4,369	4,224	145	3.3
Gregory	2,532	2,472	60	2.4	2,517	2,429	88	3.5
Haakon	1,409	1,393	16	1.1	1,494	1,481	13	0.9
Hamlin	2,017	1,929	88	4.4	2,072	2,002	70	3.4
Hand	2,041	2,004	37	1.8	2,184	2,095	89	4.1
Hanson	1,149	1,093	56	4.9	1,128	1,071	57	5.1

1 Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

2 The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 9.4 and 7.3. The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

* Data in this table revised to March 1981 benchmark.

TABLE 1 (Continued)
LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	April 1982				April 1981*			
	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate
Harding	731	729	2	0.3	708	701	7	1.0
Hughes	7,993	7,647	346	4.3	8,103	7,844	259	3.2
Hutchinson	3,920	3,818	102	2.6	4,107	3,999	108	2.6
Hyde	831	811	20	2.4	856	830	26	3.0
Jackson	925	862	63	6.8	969	899	70	7.2
Jerauld	1,286	1,258	28	2.2	1,240	1,207	33	2.7
Jones	660	631	29	4.4	580	545	35	6.0
Kingsbury	3,355	3,239	116	3.5	3,660	3,603	57	1.6
Lake	5,578	5,122	456	8.2	5,262	5,069	193	3.7
Lawrence	9,506	8,927	579	6.1	8,875	8,533	342	3.9
Lincoln	6,364	6,048	316	5.0	6,809	6,553	256	3.8
Lyman	1,474	1,377	97	6.6	1,450	1,386	64	4.4
McCook	2,942	2,823	119	4.1	2,414	2,272	142	5.9
McPherson	1,613	1,574	39	2.4	1,682	1,649	33	2.0
Marshall	2,143	2,007	136	6.3	2,057	1,931	126	6.1
Meade	8,889	8,566	323	3.6	9,192	8,867	325	3.5
Mellette	772	686	86	11.1	715	688	27	3.8
Miner	1,747	1,690	57	3.3	1,805	1,747	58	3.2
Minnehaha	63,626	60,713	2,913	4.6	62,836	59,843	2,993	4.8
Moody	3,581	3,416	165	4.6	3,527	3,407	120	3.4
Pennington	30,904	29,091	1,813	5.9	31,986	30,113	1,873	5.9
Perkins	2,255	2,200	55	2.4	2,243	2,188	55	2.5
Potter	1,852	1,782	70	3.8	1,960	1,910	50	2.6
Roberts	4,174	3,843	331	8.0	4,317	4,010	307	7.1
Sanborn	1,292	1,239	53	4.1	1,334	1,295	39	2.9
Shannon	3,391	2,943	448	13.2	3,221	2,784	437	13.6
Spink	3,830	3,745	85	2.2	3,954	3,882	72	1.8
Stanley	1,109	1,040	69	6.2	1,290	1,239	51	4.0
Sully	699	664	35	5.0	703	683	20	2.8
Todd	2,229	1,947	282	12.7	2,272	1,924	348	15.3
Tripp	3,158	3,059	99	3.1	3,213	3,094	119	3.7
Turner	4,074	3,891	183	4.5	4,389	4,223	166	3.8
Union	5,569	5,219	350	6.3	5,580	5,419	161	2.9
Walworth	3,087	2,824	263	8.5	3,123	2,905	218	7.0
Yankton	8,812	8,414	398	4.5	9,956	9,570	386	3.9
Ziebach	996	934	62	6.2	1,069	958	111	10.4

[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

* Data in this table revised to March 1981 benchmark.

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	Apr. 1982	Mar. 1982	Apr. 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	231.5	229.5	235.5	0.9	-1.7
Manufacturing	25.3	25.5	25.6	-0.8	-1.2
Durable Goods	12.4	12.7	13.0	-2.4	-4.6
Lumber & Furniture	1.0	1.0	1.2	0.0	-16.7
Fabricated Metals & Machinery	8.2	8.6	8.5	-4.6	-3.5
Other Durable Goods	3.2	3.1	3.3	3.2	-3.0
Nondurable Goods	12.9	12.8	12.6	0.8	2.4
Food & Kindred Products	8.0	7.9	7.6	1.3	5.3
Paper, Printing & Publishing	2.5	2.5	2.4	0.0	4.2
Other Nondurable Goods	2.4	2.4	2.6	0.0	-7.7
Nonmanufacturing	206.1	204.0	209.9	1.0	-1.8
Mining	2.8	2.8	2.9	0.0	-3.4
Construction	7.4	6.8	9.1	8.8	-18.7
Transportation & Public Utilities	12.9	12.9	12.8	0.0	0.8
Railroads	0.8	0.8	1.0	0.0	-20.0
Other Transportation	6.2	6.2	6.0	0.0	3.3
Communications & Public Utilities	5.9	5.9	5.8	0.0	1.8
Trade	63.5	62.9	63.7	1.0	-0.3
Wholesale Trade	16.9	16.8	17.1	0.6	-1.2
Durable Goods	7.6	7.6	7.9	0.0	-3.8
Nondurable Goods	9.3	9.2	9.2	1.1	1.1
Retail Trade	46.6	46.1	46.6	1.3	0.0
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	11.3	11.2	11.2	0.9	0.9
Services	50.0	49.2	51.2	1.6	-2.3
Hotels, Amuse., Pers. & Business	12.0	11.5	12.6	4.3	-4.8
Medical and Health	20.7	20.6	20.4	0.5	1.5
Educational, Membership & Social	14.5	14.4	15.3	0.7	-5.2
Other	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.7	-3.4
Government	58.3	58.2	59.0	0.2	-1.2
Federal	10.4	10.4	10.6	0.0	-1.9
State	16.0	15.8	16.3	1.3	-1.8
State Education	8.3	8.1	8.2	2.5	1.2
Other State	7.7	7.7	8.1	0.0	-4.9
Local	31.9	32.0	32.1	-0.3	-0.6
Local Education	19.1	19.2	19.2	-0.5	-0.5
Other Local	12.8	12.8	12.9	0.0	-0.8

SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY) NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*

	Apr. 1982	Mar. 1982	Apr. 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	55.7	54.7	54.0	1.8	3.2
Manufacturing	7.7	7.5	7.4	2.7	4.1
Durable Goods	1.9	1.8	2.0	5.6	-5.0
Nondurable Goods	5.8	5.7	5.4	1.8	7.4
Food & Kindred Products	4.7	4.5	4.1	4.4	14.6
Nonmanufacturing	48.0	47.2	46.6	1.7	3.0
Construction and Mining	2.1	1.9	2.3	10.5	-8.7
Transportation & Public Utilities	4.5	4.5	4.6	0.0	-2.2
Trade	16.2	15.8	15.7	2.5	3.2
Wholesale Trade	4.8	4.8	5.0	0.0	-4.0
Retail Trade	11.4	11.0	10.7	3.6	6.5
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	3.4	3.4	3.4	0.0	0.0
Services	14.8	14.6	13.7	1.4	8.0
Government	7.0	7.0	6.9	0.0	1.4

*This category includes full and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the week including the 12th of the month.

TABLE 3

HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Apr. 1982	Mar. 1982	Apr. 1981	Apr. 1982	Mar. 1982	Apr. 1981	Apr. 1982	Mar. 1982	Apr. 1981
South Dakota Statewide									
Manufacturing	293.66	297.51	297.77	39.9	42.2	42.6	7.36	7.05	6.99
Durable Goods	256.43	269.60	260.35	37.6	40.0	41.0	6.82	6.74	6.35
Lumber & Furniture	272.12	262.92	259.58	39.9	39.3	41.4	6.82	6.69	6.27
Fabricated Metals & Mach	248.07	253.42	259.90	35.9	37.6	40.8	6.91	6.74	6.37
Nondurable Goods	330.00	324.72	337.12	42.2	44.3	44.3	7.82	7.33	7.61
Food & Kindred Products	375.40	367.62	411.98	43.1	46.3	47.3	8.71	7.94	8.71
Paper, Printing & Publishing	241.83	234.57	229.59	34.4	34.7	36.5	7.03	6.76	6.29
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing	426.79	409.00	433.92	45.5	50.0	48.7	9.38	8.18	8.91
Durable Goods	307.16	292.74	295.38	42.9	41.0	42.5	7.16	7.14	6.95
Nondurable Goods	445.69	424.45	461.08	45.8	51.2	49.9	9.71	8.29	9.24

*Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers.

TABLE 4

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

	Mar. 1982	Feb. 1982	Mar. 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
1967=100					
All Items	283.1	283.4	265.1	-0.1	6.8
Food & Beverages	275.6	275.8	265.0	-0.1	4.0
Housing	306.7	307.3	282.6	-0.2	8.5
Apparel	191.1	188.0	185.1	1.6	3.6
Transportation	285.1	288.0	273.5	-1.0	4.2
Medical Care	318.8	316.2	284.7	0.8	12.0
Entertainment	232.8	231.2	218.2	0.7	6.7

TABLE 5
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	Number			Percent		
	Apr. 1982	Mar. 1982	Apr. 1981	Apr. 1982	Mar. 1982	Apr. 1981
Sex, Total	5,439	6,015	4,071	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	4,031	4,549	2,918	74.1	75.6	71.7
Female	1,408	1,466	1,153	25.9	24.4	28.3
Race, Total	5,439	6,015	4,071	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	4,499	4,998	3,244	82.7	83.1	79.7
Nonwhite	940	1,017	827	17.3	16.9	20.3
Age, Total	5,439	6,015	4,071	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 45	4,219	4,640	3,076	77.6	77.1	75.6
Over 45	1,220	1,375	995	22.4	22.9	24.4
Industry, Total	5,439	6,015	4,071	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	186	162	72	3.4	2.7	1.8
Construction	1,726	2,201	1,518	31.7	36.6	37.3
Manufacturing	1,136	1,051	632	20.9	17.5	15.5
Transportation & Public Utilities	254	265	171	4.7	4.4	4.2
Trade	1,095	1,209	864	20.1	20.1	21.2
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	74	79	72	1.4	1.3	1.8
Services	755	810	587	13.9	13.5	14.4
Government	213	238	155	3.9	3.9	3.8
Occupation, Total	5,439	6,015	4,071	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional & Managerial	474	548	343	8.7	9.1	8.4
Clerical and Sales	718	734	587	13.2	12.2	14.4
Services	523	631	491	9.6	10.5	12.1
Processing	170	203	63	3.1	3.4	1.5
Machine Trade	302	285	171	5.6	4.7	4.2
Benchwork	410	276	261	7.5	4.6	6.4
Structural Work	2,102	2,582	1,689	38.7	42.9	41.5
Other	740	756	466	13.6	12.6	11.5
Duration of Current Spell of Unemployment Total	5,439	6,015	4,071	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 Weeks	1,012	735	476	18.6	12.2	11.7
3-4 Weeks	511	607	487	9.4	10.1	12.0
5-14 Weeks	2,054	3,053	1,556	37.8	50.8	38.2
15 Weeks & Over	1,862	1,620	1,552	34.2	26.9	38.1

TABLE 6
SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES - STATEWIDE

	April 1982	March 1982	April 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
State Program					
Initial Claims Monthly Total	3,438	2,873	2,415	19.7	42.4
Weeks Claimed Monthly Total	26,968	23,523	21,830	14.6	23.5
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	23,849	20,411	21,488	-	11.0
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	143,138	116,170	159,192	-	-10.0
Amount of Benefit Payments	$2,519,142	$2,163,955	$1,891,000	16.4	33.2
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$109.74	$108.12	$103.76	1.5	5.8
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$12,322,443	$9,803,301	$13,189,984	-	-6.6
Unemployment Trust Fund (In ooo's)	$8,140.1	$6,894.8	$6,643.8	18.1	22.5
Federal Program					
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	785	668	1,067	-	-26.4
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	3,938	3,391	7,056	-	-44.2
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$456,352	$385,542	$766,417	-	-40.5

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South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

Compiled June 25, 1982

Report for May 1982

1981 WAGES UP IN SOUTH DAKOTA

The average weekly wage of South Dakota workers rose 9.0% in 1981 according to figures compiled from tax reports filed by employers under the Unemployment Insurance Law. The 1981 statewide average of $232.67 compared with $213.55 in 1980. The figures, which include full and part-time employees, show federal government workers averaged $362.45 in 1981 or 12.1% more than in 1980. State employees averaged $261.87 a week, an increase of 4.7%, and private sector employees averaged $226.89, an 8.9% increase. Local government workers as a group had the lowest 1981 wages despite an 11.0% increase. Their weekly average was $204.27.

The highest wage among private sector industries was in mining where workers averaged $426.65 a week. The lowest was in services with an average of $187.62.

AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES IN SOUTH DAKOTA

	1980	1981	Percent Change
TOTAL	$213.55	$232.67	9.0
FEDERAL	323.40	362.45	12.1
STATE	250.22	261.87	4.7
LOCAL	184.06	204.27	11.0
PRIVATE	208.27	226.89	8.9
MINING	385.65	426.65	10.6
CONSTRUCTION	276.48	308.57	11.6
MANUFACTURING	269.57	289.90	7.5
TRANSPORTATION/ COMMUNICATIONS	308.01	340.29	10.5
TRADE	170.87	181.63	5.3
WHOLESALE	267.31	285.52	6.8
RETAIL	134.41	143.55	6.8
FINANCE/INSURANCE/ REAL ESTATE	241.94	261.15	7.9
SERVICES	165.58	187.62	13.3

LABOR FORCE

The South Dakota jobless rate dropped to 4.5% in May, the lowest level of the year, as total unemployment declined from 16,800 in April to 14,800 in May. The May estimate, which matched the year-ago rate, compared with 5.1% in April and 5.6% in March.

Total employment increased from 311,800 in April to 315,900 in May but continued to run below the year-ago level of 324,600.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Despite a seasonal increase from April to May, nonfarm payroll employment in South Dakota declined between May of last year and May of this year. The current estimate of 235,700 compared with 231,700 in April and 239,500 in May 1981. Among the major industry groups, wholesale and retail trade and finance/insurance/real estate were unchanged from the previous year while the remaining six divisions (manufacturing, mining, transportation and utilities, services and government) had fewer workers this May. Construction again had the largest decline. It dropped 16.5% to 8,600, while the other industries were less than 2% below the previous year.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 40.4 hours a week in May at $7.43 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $300.17. The hourly rate was up 6% from one year ago, but the hours worked figure was down 2%.

Published Monthly by the South Dakota Department of Labor

TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	May 1982				May 1981*			
	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate
United States	109,914,000	99,957,000	9,957,000	9.1[2]	108,586,000	100,855,000	7,731,000	7.1[2]
South Dakota	330,697	315,854	14,843	4.5	340,292	324,626	15,665	4.5
Sioux Falls SMSA	61,438	59,059	2,379	3.9	63,524	60,546	2,978	4.7
Aurora	1,483	1,445	38	2.6	1,806	1,597	209	11.6
Beadle	9,763	9,145	618	6.3	10,062	9,635	433	4.3
Bennett	1,180	1,142	38	3.2	1,241	1,202	39	3.1
Bon Homme	3,755	3,570	185	4.9	3,749	3,646	103	2.7
Brookings	14,002	13,224	778	5.6	14,156	13,381	775	5.5
Brown	19,920	18,887	1,033	5.2	19,705	18,819	886	4.5
Brule	2,746	2,668	78	2.8	2,831	2,744	87	3.1
Buffalo	518	414	105	20.1	530	450	80	15.1
Butte	4,061	3,872	189	4.7	4,157	4,061	96	2.3
Campbell	874	838	36	4.1	813	779	34	4.2
Charles Mix	4,042	3,825	217	5.4	4,136	3,948	188	4.5
Clark	2,023	1,982	41	2.0	1,978	1,926	52	2.6
Clay	6,179	5,873	306	5.0	6,015	5,739	276	4.6
Codington	10,349	9,739	610	5.9	9,919	9,370	549	5.5
Corson	1,317	1,200	117	8.9	1,543	1,340	203	13.2
Custer	2,684	2,602	82	3.1	2,459	2,403	56	2.3
Davison	9,590	9,299	291	3.0	9,729	9,373	356	3.7
Day	3,023	2,841	182	6.0	3,366	3,189	177	5.3
Deuel	2,243	2,165	78	3.5	2,251	2,146	105	4.7
Dewey	1,891	1,747	144	7.6	2,139	1,935	204	9.5
Douglas	1,886	1,850	36	1.9	1,995	1,922	73	3.7
Edmunds	2,049	1,973	76	3.7	2,089	2,020	69	3.3
Fall River	3,189	3,029	160	5.0	3,729	3,560	169	4.5
Faulk	1,339	1,326	13	1.0	1,414	1,389	25	1.8
Grant	4,148	3,989	159	3.8	4,495	4,331	164	3.6
Gregory	2,546	2,495	51	2.0	2,586	2,508	78	3.1
Haakon	1,823	1,613	210	11.5	1,578	1,563	15	1.0
Hamlin	2,216	2,138	78	3.5	2,216	2,173	43	1.9
Hand	2,022	1,995	27	1.3	2,189	2,128	61	2.8
Hanson	1,149	1,109	40	3.5	1,125	1,090	35	3.1

[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

[2] The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 9.5 and 7.5. The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

* Data in this table revised to March 1981 benchmark.

TABLE 1 (Continued)
LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	May 1982				May 1981*			
	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate
Harding	690	688	2	0.3	711	707	4	0.6
Hughes	7,878	7,569	309	3.9	8,305	7,986	319	3.8
Hutchinson	4,032	3,942	90	2.2	4,201	4,101	100	2.4
Hyde	835	819	16	1.9	891	856	35	3.9
Jackson	928	861	67	7.2	1,017	970	47	4.6
Jerauld	1,264	1,236	28	2.2	1,242	1,221	21	1.7
Jones	673	651	22	3.3	611	593	18	2.9
Kingsbury	3,479	3,303	176	5.1	3,753	3,678	75	2.0
Lake	5,569	5,304	265	4.8	5,430	5,195	235	4.3
Lawrence	9,523	9,067	456	4.8	9,146	8,833	313	3.4
Lincoln	6,325	6,066	259	4.1	7,007	6,746	261	3.7
Lyman	1,480	1,419	61	4.1	1,479	1,411	68	4.6
McCook	2,835	2,724	111	3.9	2,479	2,336	143	5.8
McPherson	1,570	1,542	28	1.8	1,731	1,678	53	3.1
Marshall	2,112	2,006	106	5.0	2,103	1,972	131	6.2
Meade	9,485	9,211	274	2.9	9,279	8,974	305	3.3
Mellette	750	693	57	7.6	738	709	29	3.9
Miner	1,679	1,637	42	2.5	1,860	1,791	69	3.7
Minnehaha	61,438	59,059	2,379	3.9	63,524	60,546	2,978	4.7
Moody	3,557	3,447	110	3.1	3,673	3,580	93	2.5
Pennington	32,954	31,281	1,673	5.1	32,322	30,477	1,845	5.7
Perkins	2,312	2,251	61	2.6	2,259	2,204	55	2.4
Potter	1,842	1,792	50	2.7	1,992	1,947	45	2.3
Roberts	4,223	3,972	251	5.9	4,433	4,154	279	6.3
Sanborn	1,394	1,312	82	5.9	1,386	1,324	62	4.5
Shannon	2,927	2,560	367	12.5	3,196	2,800	396	12.4
Spink	3,868	3,816	52	1.3	4,128	4,009	119	2.9
Stanley	1,402	1,337	65	4.6	1,390	1,323	67	4.8
Sully	751	700	51	6.8	761	721	40	5.3
Todd	2,020	1,764	256	12.7	2,264	1,965	299	13.2
Tripp	3,174	3,095	79	2.5	3,323	3,212	111	3.3
Turner	3,849	3,727	122	3.2	4,483	4,347	136	3.0
Union	6,257	5,984	273	4.4	6,202	5,959	243	3.9
Walworth	3,082	2,882	200	6.5	3,224	2,982	242	7.5
Yankton	9,432	9,108	324	3.4	9,870	9,495	375	3.8
Ziebach	1,102	1,035	67	6.1	1,067	983	84	7.9

[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

* Data in this table revised to March 1981 benchmark.

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	May 1982	Apr. 1982	May 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	235.7	231.7	239.5	1.7	-1.6
Manufacturing	25.6	25.5	25.9	0.4	-1.2
Durable Goods	12.9	12.7	13.2	1.6	-2.3
Lumber & Furniture	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.0	-8.3
Fabricated Metals & Machinery	8.5	8.4	8.5	1.2	0.0
Other Durable Goods	3.3	3.2	3.5	3.1	-5.7
Nondurable Goods	12.7	12.8	12.7	-0.8	0.0
Food & Kindred Products	8.0	8.0	7.6	0.0	5.3
Paper, Printing & Publishing	2.5	2.4	2.5	4.2	0.0
Other Nondurable Goods	2.2	2.4	2.6	-8.3	-15.4
Nonmanufacturing	210.1	206.2	213.6	1.9	-1.6
Mining	2.8	2.8	2.9	0.0	-3.4
Construction	8.6	7.5	10.3	14.7	-16.5
Transportation & Public Utilities	12.9	12.8	13.0	0.8	-0.8
Railroads	0.8	0.8	1.0	0.0	-20.0
Other Transportation	6.1	6.2	6.2	-1.6	-1.6
Communications & Public Utilities	6.0	5.8	5.8	3.4	3.4
Trade	64.6	63.5	64.6	1.7	0.0
Wholesale Trade	17.2	17.0	17.2	1.2	0.0
Durable Goods	7.6	7.6	8.0	0.0	-5.0
Nondurable Goods	9.6	9.4	9.2	2.1	4.3
Retail Trade	47.4	46.5	47.4	1.9	0.0
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	11.3	11.3	11.3	0.0	0.0
Services	51.2	49.9	52.1	2.6	-1.7
Hotels, Amuse., Pers. & Business	13.0	12.1	13.4	7.4	-3.0
Medical and Health	20.8	20.7	20.6	0.5	1.0
Educational, Membership & Social	14.6	14.3	15.2	2.1	-3.9
Other	2.8	2.8	2.9	0.0	-3.4
Government	58.7	58.4	59.4	0.5	-1.2
Federal	10.4	10.3	10.6	1.0	-1.9
State	16.3	16.2	16.6	0.6	-1.8
State Education	8.1	8.3	8.0	-2.4	1.2
Other State	8.2	7.9	8.6	3.8	-4.7
Local	32.0	31.9	32.2	0.3	-0.6
Local Education	18.9	19.1	18.9	-1.0	0.0
Other Local	13.1	12.8	13.3	2.3	-1.5

SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY) NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*

	May 1982	Apr. 1982	May 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	55.9	55.5	54.2	0.7	3.1
Manufacturing	7.7	7.7	7.3	0.0	5.5
Durable Goods	1.9	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods	5.8	5.8	5.4	0.0	7.4
Food & Kindred Products	4.7	4.7	4.2	0.0	11.9
Nonmanufacturing	48.2	47.8	46.9	0.8	2.8
Construction and Mining	2.3	2.1	2.5	9.5	-8.0
Transportation & Public Utilities	4.6	4.5	4.6	2.2	0.0
Trade	16.1	16.1	15.7	0.0	2.5
Wholesale Trade	4.8	4.8	5.0	0.0	-4.0
Retail Trade	11.3	11.3	10.7	0.0	5.6
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	3.4	3.4	3.4	0.0	0.0
Services	14.8	14.8	13.8	0.0	7.2
Government	7.0	6.9	6.9	1.4	1.4

*This category includes full and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the week including the 12th of the month.

TABLE 3

HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	May 1982	Apr. 1982	May 1981	May 1982	Apr. 1982	May 1981	May 1982	Apr. 1982	May 1981
South Dakota Statewide									
Manufacturing	300.17	292.19	288.11	40.4	39.7	41.1	7.43	7.36	7.01
Durable Goods	266.85	254.76	261.06	39.3	37.3	40.6	6.79	6.83	6.43
Lumber & Furniture	246.56	272.12	252.86	36.8	39.9	40.2	6.70	6.82	6.29
Fabricated Metals & Mach	254.59	244.60	259.67	38.4	35.5	40.7	6.63	6.89	6.38
Nondurable Goods	332.83	327.60	315.74	41.5	42.0	41.6	8.02	7.80	7.59
Food & Kindred Products	379.95	372.38	374.98	42.5	43.0	43.2	8.94	8.66	8.68
Paper, Printing & Publishing	239.78	244.99	227.84	34.7	35.2	35.6	6.91	6.96	6.40
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing	426.50	412.23	392.37	44.8	45.4	45.1	9.52	9.08	8.70
Durable Goods	290.82	297.32	300.12	39.3	41.7	41.8	7.40	7.13	7.18
Nondurable Goods	447.34	429.64	411.28	45.6	46.0	45.8	9.81	9.34	8.98

*Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers.

TABLE 4

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

	Apr. 1982	Mar. 1982	Apr. 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
1967=100					
All Items	284.3	283.1	266.8	0.4	6.6
Food & Beverages	276.5	275.6	265.7	0.3	4.1
Housing	309.4	306.7	284.8	0.9	8.6
Apparel	191.9	191.1	186.4	0.4	3.0
Transportation	282.9	285.1	275.3	-0.8	2.8
Medical Care	321.7	318.8	287.0	0.9	12.1
Entertainment	233.9	232.8	219.2	0.5	6.7

TABLE 5
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	Number			Percent		
	May 1982	Apr. 1982	May 1981	May 1982	Apr. 1982	May 1981
Sex, Total	3,833	5,439	3,163	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	2,564	4,031	2,166	66.9	74.1	68.5
Female	1,269	1,408	997	33.1	25.9	31.5
Race, Total	3,833	5,439	3,163	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	3,079	4,499	2,469	80.3	82.7	78.1
Nonwhite	754	940	694	19.7	17.3	21.9
Age, Total	3,833	5,439	3,163	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 45	2,907	4,219	2,435	75.8	77.6	77.0
Over 45	926	1,220	728	24.2	22.4	23.0
Industry, Total	3,833	5,439	3,163	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	121	186	43	3.1	3.4	1.4
Construction	894	1,726	1,038	23.3	31.7	32.8
Manufacturing	775	1,136	480	20.2	20.9	15.2
Transportation & Public Utilities	209	254	137	5.5	4.7	4.3
Trade	866	1,095	684	22.6	20.1	21.6
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	80	74	66	2.1	1.4	2.1
Services	708	755	565	18.5	13.9	17.9
Government	180	213	150	4.7	3.9	4.7
Occupation, Total	3,833	5,439	3,163	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional & Managerial	504	474	345	13.1	8.7	10.9
Clerical and Sales	662	718	517	17.3	13.2	16.3
Services	435	523	409	11.3	9.6	12.9
Processing	121	170	49	3.2	3.1	1.6
Machine Trade	217	302	155	5.7	5.6	4.9
Benchwork	285	410	187	7.4	7.5	5.9
Structural Work	1,124	2,102	1,167	29.3	38.7	36.9
Other	485	740	334	12.7	13.6	10.6
Duration of Current Spell of Unemployment Total	3,833	5,439	3,163	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 Weeks	489	1,012	412	12.8	18.6	13.0
3-4 Weeks	442	511	337	11.5	9.4	10.7
5-14 Weeks	1,588	2,054	1,237	41.4	37.8	39.1
15 Weeks & Over	1,314	1,862	1,177	34.3	34.2	37.2

TABLE 6
SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES - STATEWIDE

	May 1982	April 1982	May 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
State Program					
Initial Claims Monthly Total	2,803	3,438	1,857	-18.5	50.9
Weeks Claimed Monthly Total	15,575	26,968	12,965	-42.2	20.1
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	26,652	23,849	23,345	-	14.2
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	158,713	143,138	172,157	-	-7.8
Amount of Benefit Payments	$1,369,164	$2,519,142	$1,163,693	-45.6	17.7
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$105.64	$109.74	$104.97	-3.7	0.6
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$13,691,607	$12,322,443	$14,353,677	-	-4.6
Unemployment Trust Fund (In ooo's)	$10,350.2	$8,140.1	$8,223.7	27.2	25.9
Federal Program					
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	862	785	1,156	-	-25.4
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	4,250	3,938	7,756	-	-45.2
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	495,876	456,352	847,785	-	-41.5

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South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

Compiled July 22, 1982

Report for June 1982

1981 PER CAPITA INCOME

South Dakota ranked 38th among the 50 states in per capita income according to preliminary 1981 data recently published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis. That was an improvement from 1980 when it ranked 41st.

An important feature of the data, which also include revised 1980 figures for states and counties, is that they have been revised to include statistics available from the 1980 Census.

Per capita income is simply total personal income divided by total population. Personal income includes all income received by all residents. It is measured before deduction of income and other personal taxes, but after deduction of individual contributions for social security, government retirement, and other social insurance programs. The majority of personal income comes from wages and salaries, but there are other important sources. These include: government transfer payments such as social security and unemployment insurance; proprietors' income primarily earned by owners of sole proprietorships and partnerships; other labor income which includes employers' contributions to pension and health insurance plans; and property income consisting of rental income, dividends and interest.

The table to the right shows that South Dakota's gain in per capita income from 1980 to 1981 was well above the national average. Only four states, North Dakota, Nebraska, Oklahoma and Texas, had larger increases.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME, BY STATE, 1981

		Income	% Change 80 to 81
All States		$10,517	10.6
1.	Alaska	14,090	10.4
2.	Connecticut	12,995	11.1
3.	New Jersey	12,115	10.8
4.	California	12,057	10.3
5.	Wyoming	11,780	8.3
6.	Nevada	11,633	8.5
7.	Maryland	11,534	10.1
8.	Illinois	11,479	9.5
9.	New York	11,440	11.6
10.	Delaware	11,279	9.6
11.	Washington	11,266	8.8
12.	Massachusetts	11,158	10.3
13.	Colorado	11,142	11.1
14.	Hawaii	11,096	10.0
15.	Michigan	11,009	10.5
16.	Kansas	10,870	10.2
17.	Minnesota	10,747	10.0
18.	Texas	10,743	12.8
19.	North Dakota	10,525	22.0
20.	Rhode Island	10,466	11.0
21.	Virginia	10,445	11.0
22.	Pennsylvania	10,373	10.0
23.	Ohio	10,371	9.6
24.	Nebraska	10,296	13.3
25.	Oklahoma	10,210	12.6
26.	Iowa	10,149	9.0
27.	New Hampshire	10,073	10.5
28.	Wisconsin	10,056	6.8
29.	Florida	10,050	11.8
30.	Oregon	9,991	7.5
31.	Missouri	9,876	11.4
32.	Arizona	9,693	10.0
33.	Montana	9,676	11.8
34.	Indiana	9,656	8.2
35.	Louisiana	9,486	12.2
36.	Georgia	8,960	11.4
37.	Idaho	8,906	8.9
38.	South Dakota	8,793	12.5
39.	North Carolina	8,679	10.8
40.	Maine	8,655	10.0
41.	New Mexico	8,654	9.9
42.	Vermont	8,654	10.8
43.	Tennessee	8,604	11.7
44.	Kentucky	8,455	10.3
45.	West Virginia	8,334	6.7
46.	Utah	8,307	8.2
47.	Alabama	8,200	10.3
48.	South Carolina	8,050	10.8
49.	Arkansas	8,042	11.9
50.	Mississippi	7,256	10.7

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Published Monthly by the South Dakota Department of Labor

LABOR FORCE

The unemployment rate in South Dakota rose to 5.3% in June from 4.5% in May and was also slightly higher than the June 1981 rate of 5.2%. The increase was not unusual, however. The influx of students and young people into the job market after school is out traditionally causes a high June rate.

The increase in the number of new entrants into the labor force brought total unemployment to 17,900 in June compared with 14,800 in May. Despite the higher rate, the total number of unemployed was lower than a year ago when 18,400 workers were out of jobs. The reason for this is that the labor force in South Dakota has been shrinking during the past year. Although there were fewer people unemployed this year, they represented a higher percentage of the smaller labor force.

The employment component of the labor force, which has been declining for the past few years, was estimated to be 332,100 in June. That was a 5,700 increase over the May figure of 316,400, but an 11,400 drop from one year earlier.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Nonfarm payroll employment increased to 237,100 in June from 235,400 in May, but it was almost 3.0% below the June 1981 figure of 244,200. All the major industry divisions except finance/insurance/real estate lost employment during the past year. A layoff at a large manufacturing firm caused that industry's employment to drop to 25,200 in June compared with 25,500 in May and 26,300 one year ago. A strike at the Homestake Gold Mine reduced employment in the mining industry to 1,600 in June from 3,000 the previous year. Although construction employment increased from 8,600 in May to 9,700 that was the lowest June figure since 1971.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 40.0 hours a week in June at $7.49 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $299.60. The hours worked figure was down from 41.5 a year ago, but the average hourly rate of pay was up 10.5% from $6.78.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

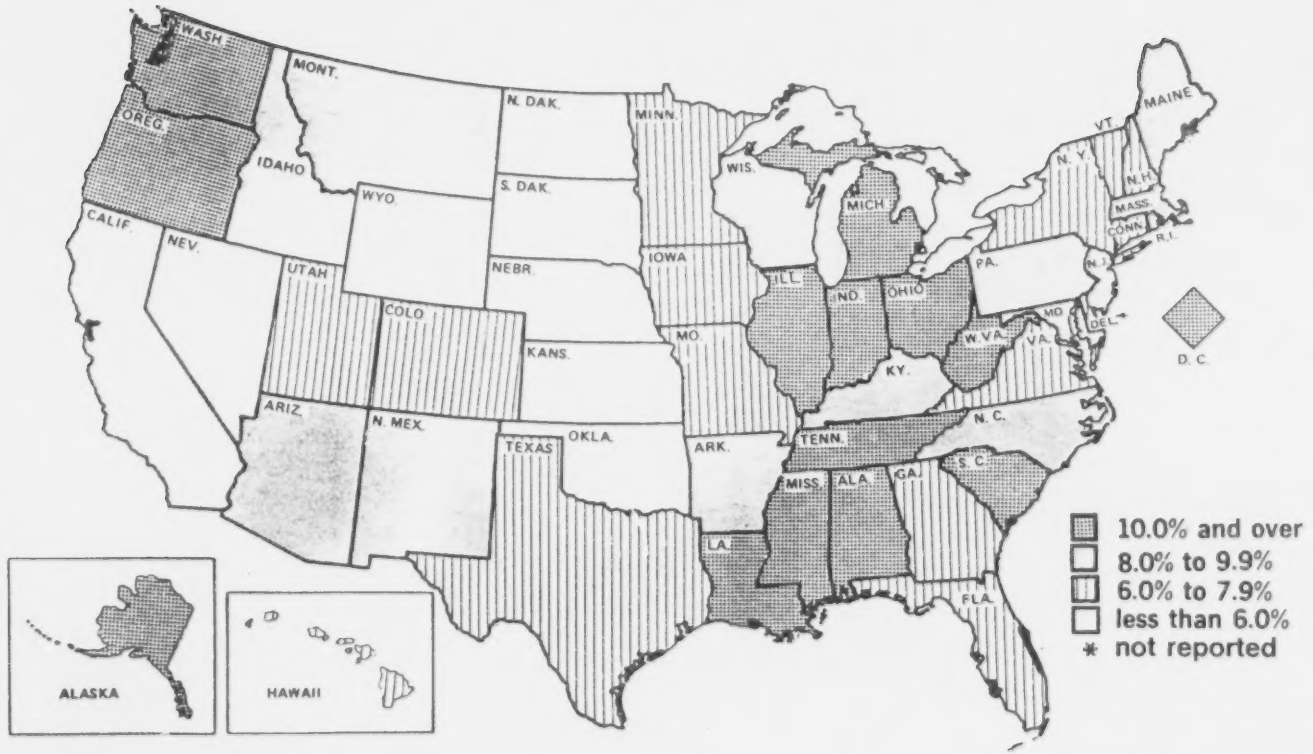
A mass layoff at a large manufacturing firm caused the Sioux Falls unemployment rate to jump to 5.3% in June. That matched the statewide average. The May rate of 3.9% in Sioux Falls was well below the statewide average of 4.7%. About 700 workers were involved in the layoff, and they have been recalled, so the rate will probably drop back in July.

The total number of people unemployed in Sioux Falls was 3,330 in June compared with 2,431 in May and 3,382 one year ago.

There were 59,561 Sioux Falls residents employed during the week including the 12th of June. That was little changed from the May estimate of 59,627 but below the year-ago figure of 60,985. Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment was 56,000 in June. That was unchanged from the May figure but 2.0% higher than the year-ago figure of 54,900. Transportation/public utilities was the only major industry with a drop in employment during the past year in Sioux Falls. Services had the largest gain.

The average manufacturing production worker in Sioux Falls worked 43.6 hours a week in June at $9.62 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $419.43.

Unemployment Rates by State, May 1982



Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, July 1982

TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	June 1982				June 1981*			
	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate
United States	111,569,000	100,683,000	10,886,000	9.8[2]	109,904,000	101,419,000	8,485,000	7.7[2]
South Dakota	340,000	322,100	17,900	5.3	351,900	333,500	18,400	5.2
Sioux Falls SMSA	62,891	59,561	3,330	5.3	64,367	60,985	3,382	5.3
Aurora	1,463	1,439	24	1.6	1,687	1,654	33	2.0
Beadle	9,754	9,335	419	4.3	10,193	9,808	385	3.8
Bennett	1,218	1,143	75	6.2	1,371	1,271	100	7.3
Bon Homme	3,686	3,562	124	3.4	3,807	3,691	116	3.0
Brookings	13,903	13,091	812	5.8	14,527	13,596	931	6.4
Brown	20,688	19,539	1,149	5.6	21,011	19,984	1,027	4.9
Brule	3,027	2,923	104	3.4	3,012	2,936	76	2.5
Buffalo	526	393	133	25.3	535	426	107	20.0
Butte	3,893	3,798	95	2.4	4,186	3,956	212	5.1
Campbell	881	854	27	3.1	866	821	45	5.2
Charles Mix	4,052	3,774	278	6.9	4,405	4,086	319	7.2
Clark	2,069	2,010	59	2.9	2,170	2,124	46	2.1
Clay	5,902	5,478	424	7.2	6,270	5,804	466	7.4
Codington	10,766	10,081	685	6.4	10,413	9,842	571	5.5
Corson	1,324	1,135	189	14.3	1,626	1,324	302	18.6
Custer	3,177	3,111	66	2.1	2,912	2,838	74	2.5
Davison	10,038	9,700	338	3.4	10,236	9,840	396	3.9
Day	3,145	2,842	303	9.6	3,315	3,134	181	5.5
Deuel	2,498	2,403	95	3.8	2,533	2,428	105	4.1
Dewey	1,912	1,704	208	10.9	2,177	1,884	293	13.5
Douglas	1,884	1,845	39	2.1	2,085	2,010	75	3.6
Edmunds	2,082	1,985	97	4.7	2,130	2,062	68	3.2
Fall River	3,189	3,082	107	3.4	3,790	3,616	174	4.6
Faulk	1,378	1,322	56	4.1	1,444	1,398	46	3.2
Grant	4,382	4,216	166	3.8	4,584	4,396	188	4.1
Gregory	2,575	2,530	45	1.7	2,772	2,684	88	3.2
Haakon	1,702	1,682	20	1.2	1,693	1,672	21	1.2
Hamlin	2,334	2,257	77	3.3	2,337	2,285	52	2.2
Hand	2,046	2,014	32	1.6	2,253	2,182	71	3.2
Hanson	1,246	1,181	65	5.2	1,298	1,228	70	5.4

1 Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

2 The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 9.5 and 7.4. The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

* Data in this table revised to March 1981 benchmark.

TABLE 1 (Continued)
LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	June 1982				June 1981*			
	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate
Harding	697	694	3	0.4	704	698	6	0.9
Hughes	8,182	7,855	327	4.0	8,565	8,187	378	4.4
Hutchinson	4,044	3,960	84	2.1	4,683	4,500	183	3.9
Hyde	846	789	57	6.7	902	860	42	4.7
Jackson	1,105	1,028	77	7.0	1,237	1,161	76	6.1
Jerauld	1,256	1,235	21	1.7	1,304	1,284	20	1.5
Jones	754	734	20	2.7	750	727	23	3.1
Kingsbury	3,388	3,310	78	2.3	3,726	3,665	61	1.6
Lake	5,442	5,125	317	5.8	5,888	5,595	293	5.0
Lawrence	11,229	9,805	1,424	12.7	9,740	9,364	356	3.7
Lincoln	6,502	6,194	308	4.7	7,302	6,986	316	4.3
Lyman	1,416	1,350	66	4.7	1,551	1,453	98	6.3
McCook	2,971	2,659	312	10.5	2,828	2,559	269	9.5
McPherson	1,574	1,550	24	1.5	1,904	1,821	83	4.4
Marshall	2,259	2,086	173	7.7	2,188	2,080	108	4.9
Meade	6,140	5,875	265	4.3	6,163	5,886	277	4.5
Mellette	762	703	59	7.7	802	724	78	9.7
Miner	1,697	1,637	60	3.5	1,913	1,813	100	5.2
Minnehaha	62,891	59,561	3,330	5.3	64,367	60,985	3,382	5.3
Moody	3,550	3,443	107	3.0	3,706	3,568	138	3.7
Pennington	37,892	36,237	1,655	4.4	37,591	35,547	2,044	5.4
Perkins	2,316	2,265	51	2.2	2,461	2,374	87	3.5
Potter	1,876	1,831	45	2.4	2,050	1,960	90	4.4
Roberts	4,203	3,933	270	6.4	4,690	4,356	334	7.1
Sanborn	1,405	1,330	75	5.3	1,440	1,389	51	3.5
Shannon	3,108	2,470	638	20.5	3,450	2,723	727	21.1
Spink	3,927	3,844	83	2.1	3,981	3,880	101	2.5
Stanley	1,336	1,300	36	2.7	1,348	1,272	76	5.6
Sully	745	697	48	6.4	744	716	28	3.8
Todd	2,062	1,757	305	14.8	2,365	1,989	376	15.9
Tripp	3,166	3,079	87	2.7	3,434	3,314	120	3.5
Turner	4,049	3,904	145	3.6	4,553	4,413	140	3.1
Union	6,529	6,191	338	5.2	7,003	6,661	342	4.9
Walworth	3,198	2,991	207	6.5	3,514	3,230	284	8.1
Yankton	9,552	9,152	400	4.2	10,086	9,582	504	5.0
Ziebach	1,140	1,024	116	10.2	1,340	1,178	162	12.1

[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

* Data in this table revised to March 1981 benchmark.

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	June 1982	May 1982	June 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	237.1	235.4	244.2	0.7	-2.9
Manufacturing	25.2	25.5	26.3	-1.2	-4.2
Durable Goods	12.3	12.8	13.4	-3.9	-8.2
Lumber & Furniture	1.1	1.0	1.3	10.0	-15.4
Fabricated Metals & Machinery	7.8	8.5	8.6	-8.2	-9.3
Other Durable Goods	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.0	-2.9
Nondurable Goods	12.9	12.7	12.9	1.6	0.0
Food & Kindred Products	8.3	8.0	7.7	3.8	7.8
Paper, Printing & Publishing	2.4	2.5	2.5	-4.0	-4.0
Other Nondurable Goods	2.2	2.2	2.7	0.0	-18.5
Nonmanufacturing	211.9	209.9	217.9	1.0	-2.8
Mining	1.6	2.8	3.0	-42.9	-46.7
Construction	9.7	8.6	11.7	12.8	-17.1
Transportation & Public Utilities	12.6	12.9	12.9	-2.3	-2.3
Railroads	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.0	-18.2
Other Transportation	5.8	6.1	6.0	-4.9	-3.3
Communications & Public Utilities	5.9	5.9	5.8	0.0	1.7
Trade	65.3	64.5	65.6	1.2	-0.5
Wholesale Trade	17.3	17.1	17.4	1.2	-0.6
Durable Goods	7.7	7.6	8.1	1.3	-4.9
Nondurable Goods	9.6	9.5	9.3	1.1	3.2
Retail Trade	48.0	47.4	48.2	1.3	-0.4
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	11.4	11.3	11.4	0.9	0.0
Services	51.8	51.0	53.0	1.6	-2.3
Hotels, Amuse., Pers. & Business	14.1	13.0	14.6	8.5	-3.4
Medical and Health	20.9	20.8	20.9	0.5	0.0
Educational, Membership & Social	14.0	14.4	14.6	-2.8	-4.1
Other	2.8	2.8	2.9	0.0	-3.4
Government	59.5	58.8	60.3	1.2	-1.3
Federal	10.4	10.5	10.6	-0.9	-1.9
State	16.2	16.3	16.7	-0.6	-3.0
State Education	6.4	8.1	6.4	-21.0	0.0
Other State	9.8	8.2	10.3	19.5	-4.9
Local	32.9	32.0	33.0	2.8	-0.3
Local Education	18.2	18.9	18.3	-3.7	-0.5
Other Local	14.7	13.1	14.7	12.2	0.0

SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY) NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*

	June 1982	May 1982	June 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	56.0	56.0	54.9	0.0	2.0
Manufacturing	7.4	7.7	7.4	-3.9	0.0
Durable Goods	1.4	1.9	1.9	-26.3	-26.3
Nondurable Goods	6.0	5.8	5.5	3.4	9.1
Food & Kindred Products	4.9	4.7	4.3	4.3	14.0
Nonmanufacturing	48.6	48.3	47.5	0.6	2.3
Construction and Mining	2.6	2.3	2.6	13.0	0.0
Transportation & Public Utilities	4.5	4.6	4.6	-2.2	-2.2
Trade	16.1	16.1	15.7	0.0	2.5
Wholesale Trade	4.8	4.8	5.0	0.0	-4.0
Retail Trade	11.3	11.3	10.7	0.0	5.6
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	3.4	3.4	3.4	0.0	0.0
Services	14.7	14.9	14.0	-1.3	5.0
Government	7.3	7.0	7.2	4.3	1.4

*This category includes full and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the week including the 12th of the month.

TABLE 3

HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1982	May 1982	June 1981	June 1982	May 1982	June 1981	June 1982	May 1982	June 1981
South Dakota Statewide									
Manufacturing	299.60	297.60	281.37	40.0	40.0	41.5	7.49	7.44	6.78
Durable Goods	274.22	267.53	257.07	39.8	39.4	41.0	6.89	6.79	6.27
Lumber & Furniture	281.78	246.56	263.33	42.5	36.8	41.6	6.63	6.70	6.33
Fabricated Metals & Mach	257.47	254.21	254.34	38.2	38.4	40.5	6.74	6.62	6.28
Nondurable Goods	323.61	326.42	307.33	40.1	40.6	42.1	8.07	8.04	7.30
Food & Kindred Products	360.90	371.21	360.80	40.1	41.2	44.0	9.00	9.01	8.20
Paper, Printing & Publishing	244.57	239.43	242.36	35.6	34.7	36.5	6.87	6.90	6.64
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing	419.43	426.50	370.98	43.6	44.8	45.8	9.62	9.52	8.10
Durable Goods	311.64	290.82	273.64	42.4	39.3	40.3	7.35	7.40	6.79
Nondurable Goods	438.00	447.34	391.98	43.8	45.6	47.0	10.00	9.81	8.34

*Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers.

TABLE 4

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

	May 1982	April 1982	May 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
1967=100					
All Items	287.1	284.3	269.0	1.0	6.7
Food & Beverages	278.1	276.5	265.4	0.6	4.8
Housing	313.8	309.4	288.5	1.4	1.4
Apparel	191.5	191.9	186.4	-0.2	2.7
Transportation	285.6	282.9	277.8	1.0	2.8
Medical Care	323.8	321.7	289.0	0.7	12.0
Entertainment	234.4	233.9	220.3	0.2	6.4

TABLE 5
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	Number			Percent		
	June 1982	May 1982	June 1981	June 1982	May 1982	June 1981
Sex, Total	4,751	3,833	3,408	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	2,524	2,564	2,020	53.1	66.9	59.3
Female	2,227	1,269	1,388	46.9	33.1	40.7
Race, Total	4,751	3,833	3,408	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	3,874	3,079	2,538	81.5	80.3	74.5
Nonwhite	877	754	870	18.5	19.7	25.5
Age, Total	4,751	3,833	3,408	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 45	3,657	2,907	2,537	77.0	75.8	74.4
Over 45	1,094	926	871	23.0	24.2	25.6
Industry, Total	4,751	3,833	3,408	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	181	121	37	3.8	3.1	1.1
Construction	642	894	822	13.5	23.3	24.1
Manufacturing	1,505	775	517	31.7	20.2	15.2
Transportation & Public Utilities	181	209	124	3.8	5.5	3.6
Trade	1,009	866	780	21.2	22.6	22.9
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	79	80	75	1.7	2.1	2.2
Services	885	708	784	18.6	18.5	23.0
Government	269	180	269	5.7	4.7	7.9
Occupation, Total	4,751	3,833	3,408	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional & Managerial	613	504	460	12.9	13.1	13.5
Clerical and Sales	774	662	673	16.3	17.3	19.8
Services	565	435	586	11.9	11.3	17.2
Processing	242	121	52	5.1	3.2	1.5
Machine Trade	234	217	167	4.9	5.7	4.9
Benchwork	931	285	183	19.6	7.4	5.4
Structural Work	897	1,124	989	18.9	29.3	29.0
Other	495	485	298	10.4	12.7	8.7
Duration of Current Spell of Unemployment						
Total	4,751	3,833	3,408	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 Weeks	1,050	489	674	22.1	18.6	19.8
3-4 Weeks	684	442	509	14.4	9.4	14.9
5-14 Weeks	1,866	1,588	1,253	39.3	37.8	36.8
15 Weeks & Over	1,151	1,314	972	24.2	34.2	28.5

TABLE 6
SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES - STATEWIDE

	June 1982	May 1982	June 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
State Program					
Initial Claims Monthly Total	4,079	2,803	2,057	45.5	98.3
Weeks Claimed Monthly Total	17,717	15,575	13,207	13.8	34.1
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	30,731	26,652	25,402	-	21.0
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	176,430	158,713	185,364	-	-4.8
Amount of Benefit Payments	$1,368,753	$1,369,164	$1,123,190	0.0	21.9
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$100.72	$105.64	$104.76	-4.7	-3.9
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$15,060,360	$13,691,607	$15,476,867	-	-2.7
Unemployment Trust Fund (In ooo's)	$9,393.4	$10,350.2	$7,721.8	-9.2	21.6
Federal Program					
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	1,009	862	1,339	-	-24.6
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	4,483	4,250	8,459	-	-47.0
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$529,290	$495,876	$914,324	-	-42.1

9/7/82 S7355-1

South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

Compiled August 24, 1982

Report for July 1982

1990 PROJECTIONS TO BE OUT BY END OF YEAR
NEW METHOD USED IN PROJECTION

The statewide projection of industry and occupational employment to 1990 by the South Dakota Department of Labor's Research and Statistics can be expected to be out by the end of the year and this time with a new twist.

Unlike previous projections, the 1990 projections for the first time will primarily be based on the Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) Survey Program. Previous projections were based on the decennial census and the annual Current Population Survey. The OES Survey will provide a more accurate picutre of current industry staffing patterns to base projections on. (For the major differences between the two see the table below).

In the previous projections in which the census was used as the primary data source, projected staffing patterns were based largely upon trends in the census data from decade to decade.

With the OES based systems, industry projections will be based on the trends of the respective industries while occupational projections will be based on an industry-occupational matrix constructed from OES data. Some census data will be used for residual categories not covered by the OES Survey (ag workers, self employed and unpaid family workers). National changes in staffing patterns and separation rates will also be considered.

The OES Program consists of a survey initiated in the early 1970's by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics in order to collect more detailed data on occupational staffing patterns of industries. In the OES Program, data are collected directly from establishments through a mail survey. All nonagricultural industries except private households and railroads are covered in this survey on a 3 year cycle, meaning each industry is surveyed only once every 3 years.

OES is a federal-state cooperative program in which data are collected by the state employment security agencies according to standards, methods and procedures developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. South Dakota entered the program in 1978. Other states have already made previous projections using OES data.

The 1990 projections will include statewide projections of some 400 industries and 2,000 occupations. The industry projections will be by 2 and 3 digit industry classifications as set by the Standard Industrial Classification manual.

The upcoming projections will also include job openings due to growth (new industries and new businesses within an industry) and job openings due to replacement (of those who have left the labor force due to retirement, death or other reasons).

MAJOR DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CENSUS BASED SYSTEM AND OES BASED SYSTEM OF PROJECTION

Difference	Census	OES
Occupational Classification System	Very general, occupational title may represent different levels of skill	Much more detailed, occupational titles represent a specific level of skill
Type of Respondent	Household survey- individual reports for entire household	Employer survey - employer reports for all employees
Classifying Multiple Job Holders	Count only once, individuals report themselves in the occupation they worked the most during a reference period	May be counted more than once if job holder works for different establishments. If in same establishment, individual is reported under the highest level of skill
Reference Period	April 1	12th of April, May and June
Coding Procedures	Occupations are coded by coding clerks at the Bureau of the Census with the information provided on the survey form by the indidividual	Employer does coding in that specific definitions of each occupation are provided on the survey form
Scope of Workers	Does not include workers under 16 years of age. Individuals or unpaid absences are counted as employed	Does not cover self employed and unpaid family workers. Workers under 16 years of age may be included.

Published Monthly by the South Dakota Department of Labor

LABOR FORCE

The South Dakota unemployment rate dropped to 4.5% in July as some laid-off employees returned to work and some students apparently quit looking for work. The unemployment rate in June was 5.3%.

The total number of unemployed South Dakotan's was 15,300 in July. That compared with 18,000 in June and 17,000 one year ago.

The high unemployment rate in June had been caused by the combination of a layoff at a large manufacturing firm and an influx of students into the job market. By July the laid-off workers had been rehired, and many of the students had dropped out of the labor force (the 2,800 decline in unemployment was not accompanied by a corresponding increase in employment).

High interest rates and a sluggish economy continued to take their toll on the employment component of the labor force in July. The total employment estimate of 320,100 compared with 323,800 in June and 331,300 in July one year ago.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Total nonfarm payroll employment dropped to 231,300 in July. That was 2.7% below the June figure of 237,800 and 2.9% below the July 1981 estimate of 238,200. The June-July decrease followed the seasonal pattern which occurs each year when state and local education employees begin their summer vacation. The only industry with a significant gain in employment between June and July was manufacturing. That was due to the rehiring of the employees who had been laid off in June.

The strike at the Homestake Gold Mine accounted for about 1,400 of the 6,900 drop in employment from one year ago as mining employment dropped 48%. Construction employment also showed a substantial loss, dropping 16.7% to 10,000. The only major industry with an increase in employment was finance/insurance/real estate, which was up 2.6% at 11,800.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 41.7 hours a week in July at $7.53 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $314.00. The hourly pay compared with $7.12 one year ago.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

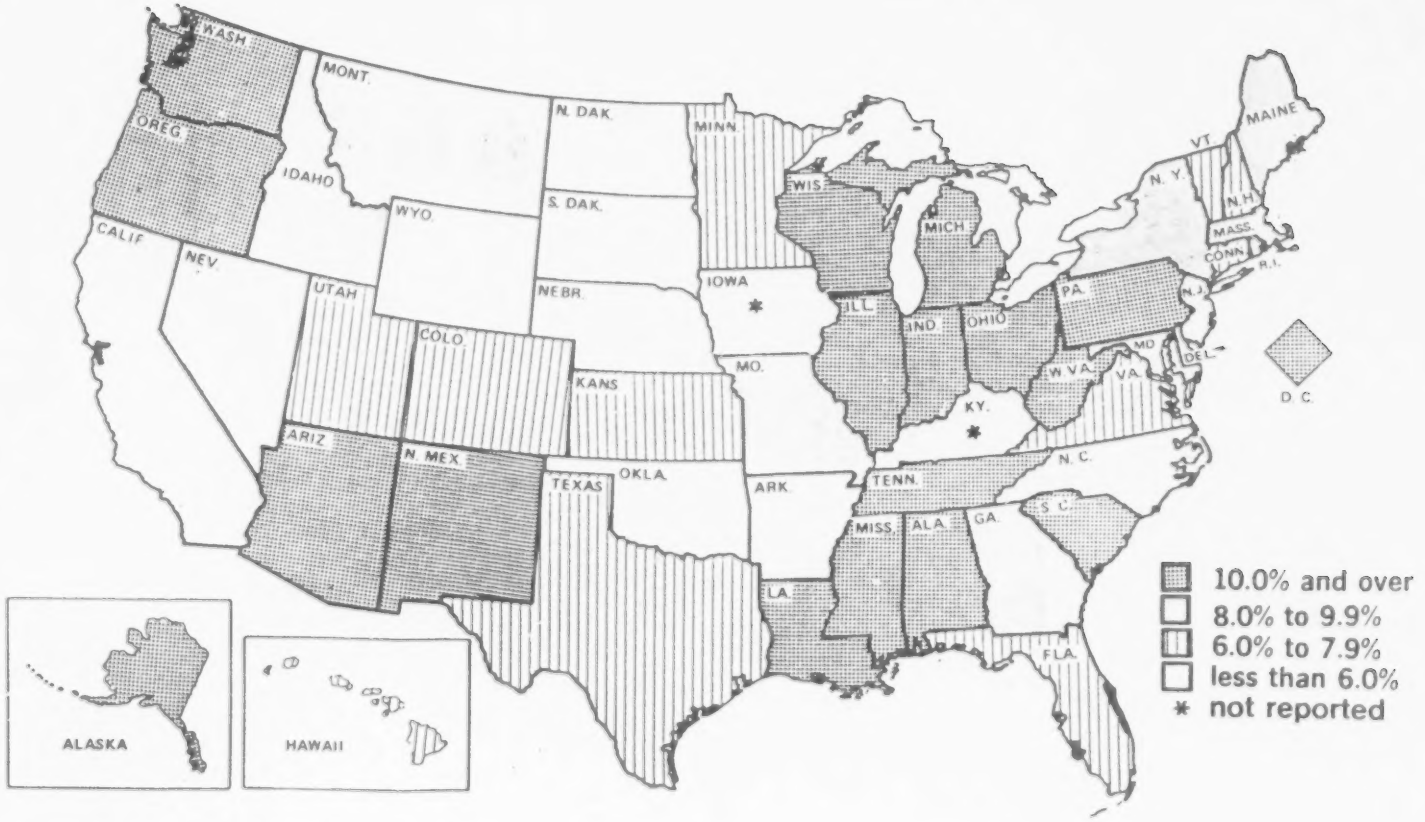
The Sioux Falls unemployment rate dropped to 3.8% in July after jumping to 5.3% in June. The high June rate was caused by a mass layoff at a large manufacturing plant, but by July these workers had returned to work. The total number of unemployed in July was 2,340 compared with 3,319 in June.

Total employment in July dropped to 58,640 from 59,102 in June. The reason for this was the seasonal decline in state and local education employment in July.

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined to 55,100 in July from 56,000 in June, but it was up 3.2% from the year-ago figure of 53,400. Among the major industries, manufacturing employment was up 4.1% from one year ago at 7,600 while services employment increased 8.1% to 14,700. Retail trade also showed an increase in employment during the past year. It was up 6.6% at 11,300. Government employment was up slightly from a year ago while construction and finance/insurance/real estate had slight decreases.

The average manufacturing production worker in Sioux Falls worked 45.7 hours a week in July at $9.89 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $451.97. The hourly rate compared with $8.64 one year ago.

Unemployment Rates by State, June 1982



Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, August 1982

TABLE I

LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	July 1982				July 1981*			
	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate
United States	112,526,000	101,490,000	11,036,000	9.8[2]	110,742,000	102,612,000	8,130,000	7.3[2]
South Dakota	335,399	320,144	15,255	4.5	348,306	331,338	16,968	4.9
Sioux Falls SMSA	60,980	58,640	2,340	3.8	62,341	59,237	3,104	5.0
Aurora	1,682	1,630	52	3.1	1,790	1,738	52	2.9
Beadle	9,675	9,242	433	4.5	9,901	9,535	366	3.7
Bennett	1,266	1,218	48	3.8	1,315	1,235	80	6.1
Bon Homme	3,611	3,486	125	3.5	3,972	3,846	126	3.2
Brookings	14,180	13,420	760	5.4	14,380	13,591	789	5.5
Brown	20,328	19,315	1,013	5.0	20,113	19,110	1,003	5.0
Brule	3,069	2,958	111	3.6	3,037	2,929	108	3.6
Buffalo	522	401	121	23.2	629	543	86	13.7
Butte	3,904	3,742	162	4.1	3,964	3,827	137	3.5
Campbell	942	915	27	2.9	829	799	30	3.6
Charles Mix	4,132	3,872	260	6.3	4,296	3,992	304	7.1
Clark	2,235	2,082	153	6.8	2,414	2,272	142	5.9
Clay	5,825	5,456	369	6.3	6,472	6,096	376	5.8
Codington	10,594	9,910	684	6.5	10,819	10,258	561	5.2
Corson	1,343	1,137	206	15.3	1,537	1,293	244	15.9
Custer	3,249	3,164	85	2.6	3,064	2,627	437	14.3
Davison	9,826	9,520	306	3.1	10,134	9,740	394	3.9
Day	3,096	2,907	189	6.1	3,138	2,968	170	5.4
Deuel	2,499	2,408	91	3.6	2,497	2,428	69	2.8
Dewey	1,719	1,529	190	11.1	2,143	1,848	295	13.8
Douglas	1,945	1,907	38	2.0	2,214	2,056	158	7.1
Edmunds	2,109	2,050	59	2.8	2,154	2,047	107	5.0
Fall River	3,141	3,028	113	3.6	4,056	3,949	107	2.6
Faulk	1,409	1,383	26	1.8	1,469	1,403	66	4.5
Grant	4,396	4,245	151	3.4	4,719	4,540	179	3.8
Gregory	2,675	2,619	56	2.1	2,736	2,671	65	2.4
Haakon	1,591	1,499	92	5.8	1,472	1,456	16	1.1
Hamlin	2,328	2,254	74	3.2	2,413	2,341	72	3.0
Hand	2,212	2,147	65	2.9	2,328	2,270	58	2.5
Hanson	1,273	1,208	65	5.1	1,211	1,168	43	3.6

[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

[2] The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 9.8 and 7.2. The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

* Data in this table revised to March 1981 benchmark.

TABLE 1 (Continued)

LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	July 1982				July 1981*			
	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate	Labor Force[1]	Employment	Unemployment	Rate
Harding	781	764	17	2.2	641	636	5	0.8
Hughes	7,830	7,575	255	3.3	8,234	7,890	344	4.2
Hutchinson	4,128	4,054	74	1.8	4,787	4,628	159	3.3
Hyde	774	767	7	0.9	869	829	40	4.6
Jackson	1,121	1,065	56	5.0	1,058	996	62	5.9
Jerauld	1,330	1,308	22	1.7	1,423	1,406	17	1.2
Jones	766	740	26	3.4	702	690	12	1.7
Kingsbury	3,462	3,370	92	2.7	3,774	3,719	55	1.5
Lake	5,326	5,043	283	5.3	6,009	5,802	207	3.4
Lawrence	10,167	9,698	469	4.6	9,914	9,485	429	4.3
Lincoln	6,598	6,320	278	4.2	7,197	6,921	276	3.8
Lyman	1,481	1,400	81	5.5	1,562	1,458	104	6.7
McCook	2,933	2,757	176	6.0	3,007	2,811	196	6.5
McPherson	1,682	1,637	45	2.7	1,957	1,922	35	1.8
Marshall	2,345	2,160	185	7.9	2,118	2,021	97	4.6
Meade	6,074	5,840	234	3.9	6,007	5,798	209	3.5
Mellette	739	686	53	7.2	750	675	75	10.0
Miner	1,705	1,670	35	2.1	1,950	1,898	52	2.7
Minnehaha	60,980	58,640	2,340	3.8	62,341	59,237	3,104	5.0
Moody	3,632	3,548	84	2.3	3,848	3,735	113	2.9
Pennington	36,296	34,766	1,530	4.2	36,996	35,356	1,640	4.4
Perkins	2,392	2,339	53	2.2	2,420	2,376	44	1.8
Potter	1,871	1,836	35	1.9	2,096	2,044	52	2.5
Roberts	4,410	4,156	254	5.8	4,711	4,416	295	6.3
Sanborn	1,418	1,352	66	4.7	1,361	1,336	25	1.8
Shannon	2,596	1,914	682	26.3	2,930	2,173	757	25.8
Spink	3,985	3,906	79	2.0	3,904	3,812	92	2.4
Stanley	1,307	1,278	29	2.2	1,230	1,175	55	4.5
Sully	735	719	16	2.2	746	726	20	2.7
Todd	1,831	1,550	281	15.3	2,174	1,807	367	16.9
Tripp	3,195	3,088	107	3.3	3,429	3,319	110	3.2
Turner	4,162	4,021	141	3.4	4,421	4,286	135	3.1
Union	7,051	6,713	338	4.8	7,790	7,547	243	3.1
Walworth	3,038	2,882	156	5.1	3,434	3,204	230	6.7
Yankton	9,408	8,949	459	4.9	10,083	9,558	525	5.2
Ziebach	1,074	979	95	8.8	1,214	1,072	142	11.7

[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

* Data in this table revised to March 1981 benchmark.

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	July 1982	June 1982	July 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	231.3	237.8	238.2	-2.7	-2.9
Manufacturing	25.7	25.1	26.2	2.4	-1.9
Durable Goods	12.7	12.2	13.4	4.1	-5.2
Lumber & Furniture	1.1	1.1	1.5	0.0	-26.7
Fabricated Metals & Machinery	8.1	7.6	8.4	6.6	-3.6
Other Durable Goods	3.5	3.5	3.5	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods	13.0	12.9	12.8	0.8	1.6
Food & Kindred Products	8.3	8.3	7.7	0.0	7.8
Paper, Printing & Publishing	2.4	2.4	2.5	0.0	-4.0
Other Nondurable Goods	2.3	2.2	2.6	4.5	-11.5
Nonmanufacturing	205.6	212.7	212.0	-3.3	-3.0
Mining	1.6	1.6	3.1	0.0	-48.4
Construction	10.0	9.9	12.0	1.0	-16.7
Transportation & Public Utilities	12.6	12.7	12.7	-0.8	-0.8
Railroads	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.0	-18.2
Other Transportation	5.8	5.9	5.8	-1.7	0.0
Communications & Public Utilities	5.9	5.9	5.8	0.0	1.7
Trade	63.8	64.3	65.7	-0.8	-2.9
Wholesale Trade	17.1	17.3	17.4	-1.2	-1.7
Durable Goods	7.7	7.7	8.1	0.0	-4.9
Nondurable Goods	9.4	9.6	9.3	-2.1	1.1
Retail Trade	46.7	47.0	48.3	-0.6	-3.3
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	11.8	11.6	11.5	1.7	2.6
Services	51.5	51.7	52.4	-0.4	-1.7
Hotels, Amuse., Pers. & Business	14.4	14.0	14.9	2.9	-3.4
Medical and Health	20.8	20.9	21.1	-0.5	-1.4
Educational, Membership & Social	13.5	14.0	13.5	-3.6	0.0
Other	2.8	2.8	2.9	0.0	-3.4
Government	54.3	60.9	54.6	-10.8	-0.5
Federal	10.6	10.5	10.6	1.0	0.0
State	15.2	16.6	15.4	-8.4	-1.3
State Education	5.1	6.5	5.1	-21.5	0.0
Other State	10.1	10.1	10.3	0.0	-1.9
Local	28.5	33.8	28.6	-15.7	-0.3
Local Education	12.8	18.3	13.2	-30.1	-3.0
Other Local	15.7	15.5	15.4	1.3	1.9

SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY) NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*

	July 1982	June 1982	July 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	55.1	56.0	53.4	-1.6	3.2
Manufacturing	7.6	7.1	7.3	7.0	4.1
Durable Goods	2.0	1.4	1.9	42.9	5.3
Nondurable Goods	5.6	5.7	5.4	-1.8	3.7
Food & Kindred Products	4.5	4.6	4.3	-2.2	4.7
Nonmanufacturing	47.5	48.9	46.1	-2.9	3.0
Construction and Mining	2.6	2.6	2.7	0.0	-3.7
Transportation & Public Utilities	4.6	4.5	4.5	2.2	2.2
Trade	16.0	16.2	15.7	-1.2	1.9
Wholesale Trade	4.7	4.8	5.1	-2.1	-7.8
Retail Trade	11.3	11.4	10.6	-0.9	6.6
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	3.4	3.4	3.5	0.0	-2.9
Services	14.7	14.9	13.6	-1.3	8.1
Government	6.2	7.3	6.1	-15.1	1.6

*This category includes full and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the week including the 12th of the month.

TABLE 3

HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	July 1982	June 1982	July 1981	July 1982	June 1982	July 1981	July 1982	June 1982	July 1981
South Dakota Statewide									
Manufacturing	314.00	306.18	289.07	41.7	40.5	40.6	7.53	7.56	7.12
Durable Goods	272.95	281.70	253.76	40.8	40.3	39.9	6.69	6.99	6.36
Lumber & Furniture	250.90	277.98	235.25	39.7	42.7	36.7	6.32	6.51	6.41
Fabricated Metals & Mach	254.03	266.17	255.60	38.2	38.8	40.0	6.65	6.86	6.39
Nondurable Goods	354.88	329.67	327.02	42.5	40.7	41.5	8.35	8.10	7.88
Food & Kindred Products	413.03	370.55	392.50	43.8	40.9	44.4	9.43	9.06	8.84
Paper, Printing & Publishing	241.16	244.93	230.62	34.6	35.6	35.7	6.97	6.88	6.46
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing	451.97	415.94	406.94	45.7	43.6	47.1	9.89	9.54	8.64
Durable Goods	305.14	316.79	277.30	41.8	43.1	40.9	7.30	7.35	6.78
Nondurable Goods	479.78	433.94	436.02	46.4	43.7	48.	10.34	9.93	8.99

*Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers.

TABLE 4

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

	June 1982	May 1982	June 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
1967=100					
All Items	290.6	287.1	271.3	1.2	7.1
Food & Beverages	280.2	278.1	266.5	0.8	5.1
Housing	317.5	313.8	292.2	1.2	8.7
Apparel	190.8	191.5	185.8	-0.4	2.7
Transportation	292.8	285.6	279.9	2.5	4.6
Medical Care	326.4	323.8	291.5	0.8	12.0
Entertainment	235.6	234.4	220.8	0.5	6.7

TABLE 5
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	Number			Percent		
	July 1982	June 1982	July 1981	July 1982	June 1982	July 1981
Sex, Total	4,781	4,751	3,671	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	2,499	2,524	1,997	52.3	53.1	54.4
Female	2,282	2,227	1,674	47.7	46.9	45.6
Race, Total	4,781	4,751	3,671	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	3,755	3,874	2,732	78.5	81.5	74.4
Nonwhite	1,026	877	939	21.5	18.5	25.6
Age, Total	4,781	4,751	3,671	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 45	3,658	3,657	2,768	76.5	77.0	75.4
Over 45	1,123	1,094	903	23.5	23.0	24.6
Industry, Total	4,781	4,751	3,671	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	167	181	33	3.5	3.8	0.9
Construction	473	642	707	9.9	13.5	19.3
Manufacturing	1,461	1,505	648	30.6	31.7	17.6
Transportation & Public Utilities	170	181	111	3.6	3.8	3.0
Trade	993	1,009	858	20.8	21.2	23.4
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	85	79	76	1.7	1.7	2.1
Services	1,067	885	914	22.3	18.6	24.9
Government	365	269	324	7.6	5.7	8.8
Occupation, Total	4,781	4,751	3,671	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional & Managerial	725	613	525	15.2	12.9	14.3
Clerical and Sales	915	774	813	19.1	16.3	22.2
Services	663	565	604	13.9	11.9	16.5
Processing	293	242	163	6.1	5.1	4.4
Machine Trade	255	234	155	5.3	4.9	4.2
Benchwork	641	931	216	13.4	19.6	5.9
Structural Work	780	897	831	16.3	18.9	22.6
Other	509	495	364	10.7	10.4	9.9
Duration of Current Spell of Unemployment						
Total	4,781	4,751	3,671	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 Weeks	1,140	1,050	706	23.8	22.1	19.2
3-4 Weeks	607	684	641	12.7	14.4	17.5
5-14 Weeks	2,013	1,866	1,509	42.1	39.3	41.1
15 Weeks & Over	1,021	1,151	815	21.4	24.2	22.2

TABLE 6
SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES - STATEWIDE

	July 1982	June 1982	July 1981	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
State Program					
Initial Claims Monthly Total	3,361	4,079	2,767	-17.6	21.5
Weeks Claimed Monthly Total	23,106	17,717	17,051	30.4	35.5
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	34,092	30,731	28,169	-	21.0
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	199,536	176,430	202,415	-	-1.4
Amount of Benefit Payments	$2,119,057	$1,368,751	$1,342,081	54.8	57.9
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$115.71	$100.72	$99.41	14.9	16.4
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$17,179,417	$15,060,360	$16,818,948	-	2.1
Unemployment Trust Fund (In ooo's)	$8,977.5	$9,393.4	$9,019.3	-4.4	-0.5
Federal Program					
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	1,114	1,009	1,516	-	-26.5
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	4,720	4,483	9,505	-	-50.3
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$576,519	$529,290	$996,611	-	-42.2